

Tracking a Solar Storm: An Expert-Jigsaw Analysis

One way to describe a solar storm is to follow how it evolves in the different domains of the space environment, and how each domain effects the other domains in the system. These domains are broadly divided into four main categories: the solar corona, solar wind/heliosphere, magnetosphere, and ionosphere. In this each member of your group will become an “expert” in one of these domains, and then you will come back to the group and put the pieces of the “puzzle” together.

Audience: advanced undergraduates or graduate students in a specialized course on space physics.

Goals:

- broad overview of the space weather system
- explore the various data sets and simulation results available in a particular domain
- understanding how the space physics community organizes itself into specialized domains
- practice in working across domains to develop a systems view of the event

During this activity you will track a space weather event that occurred due to solar activity on March 5, 2012. The five links below are different “layouts” that use the iSWA (Integrated Space Weather Awareness, <http://iswa.ccmc.gsfc.nasa.gov>) web application. Each layout shows the observations and simulation results for a specific space environment domain (solar, solar corona, solar wind, earth magnetosphere, and ionosphere) as it is impacted by the event. These layouts include: a solar photosphere and near corona, the solar corona, observations and model results for the solar wind model near Earth, model results and observations showing geomagnetic effects, and observations and models for the ionosphere.

Use the layouts, along with the wiki help pages (<http://iswa3.ccmc.gsfc.nasa.gov/wiki>) and the glossary page (<http://iswa3.ccmc.gsfc.nasa.gov/wiki/index.php/Glossary>) to answer the questions associated with each layout.

Expert Groups

Divide up into “Expert Groups” to analyze one of the layouts.

Each “Expert Group” will analyze one layout. For each cygnet in the layout use the Wiki and Glossary entries above to answer the following questions.

- What data are you looking at?
- Does the cygnet show observational data or simulation results?
- If it is data, how is it collected? If it is simulation results, what model was used?

- What is the axes plotted? What is the scale? Does the scale change if you are looking at multiple time steps?
- What is this data used for? How do you interpret the data shown in the cygnet?

Solar Corona

<http://tinyurl.com/solarcorona>

- 1) Do all sunspots have active regions associated with them?
- 2) Are all active regions associated with sunspots?
- 3) How would you define an solar active region? What characteristics does it have?
- 4) When does a solar flare occur? What criteria do you use to define the solar flare event?

Coronagraphs

<http://tinyurl.com/coronagraphs>

[You may have to adjust the date on the “Difference Image Gallery” to the date and time corresponding to the other coronagraphs]

- 1) Three spacecraft are taking these images. Where are the three spacecraft relative to each other? (Use the app here to help you answer this, http://stereo-ssc.nascom.nasa.gov/cgi-bin/make_where_gif)
- 2) When does the CME (Coronal Mass Ejection) first appear in these images? Are the images consistent from one to the other?
- 3) Is the CME Earth bound? How can you tell?

Solar Wind

<http://tinyurl.com/solarwinddata>

- 1) In terms of the solar wind plasma parameters, what are the signatures of the passage of a CME (Coronal Mass Ejection)? Note the date and time
- 2) Based on the model results describe the global shape of the April, 2012 CME? How does this change the global magnetic field structure of the Heliosphere?
- 3) Based on the model results, roughly what solar angle of the heliosphere is affected by the CME?
- 4) Compare the model results timeline plot of the density and velocity to the ACE measurements of the solar wind. What does the model get right? Where are the model and the data inconsistent? Which do you trust more?

Magnetosphere

<http://tinyurl.com/CCMC-Magnetosphere>

- 1) What are the indicators in the model results of the passage of the CME?
- 2) What are the effects on the magnetosphere?
- 3) Why might space craft in geosynchronous orbit be affected?

Ionosphere and Radiation Belt

<http://tinyurl.com/iono-rad>

- 1) Do you see significant changes in the structure of the ionosphere as shown by these results? Describe these and identify the onset time for the changes.
- 2) Does the structure of the ionosphere change significantly? (Pay careful attention to the color scales for the animation. Are they fixed or do they change?)
- 3) Can you interpret parameters plotted? What could cause these changes and what effects might you expect there to be?

Jigsaw Groups

Your jigsaw groups are now made up of one person from each of the expert groups.

- Each expert should explain their findings to the rest of the group.
- *How do the findings of each expert group relate to each other?*
- Devise a way to organize your findings and present it to the other groups. You may try one of the following:
 - Time Line
 - Event Concept Map
 - Summary of Storm Impacts
 - Some other approach?
- *Consider the following questions as you organize the data:*
 - *What are the initiators of the event? Which data sources indicate those*
 - *What are the impacts of the event? Which data sources indicate those impacts?*
 - *How do the initiators connect to the impacts?*