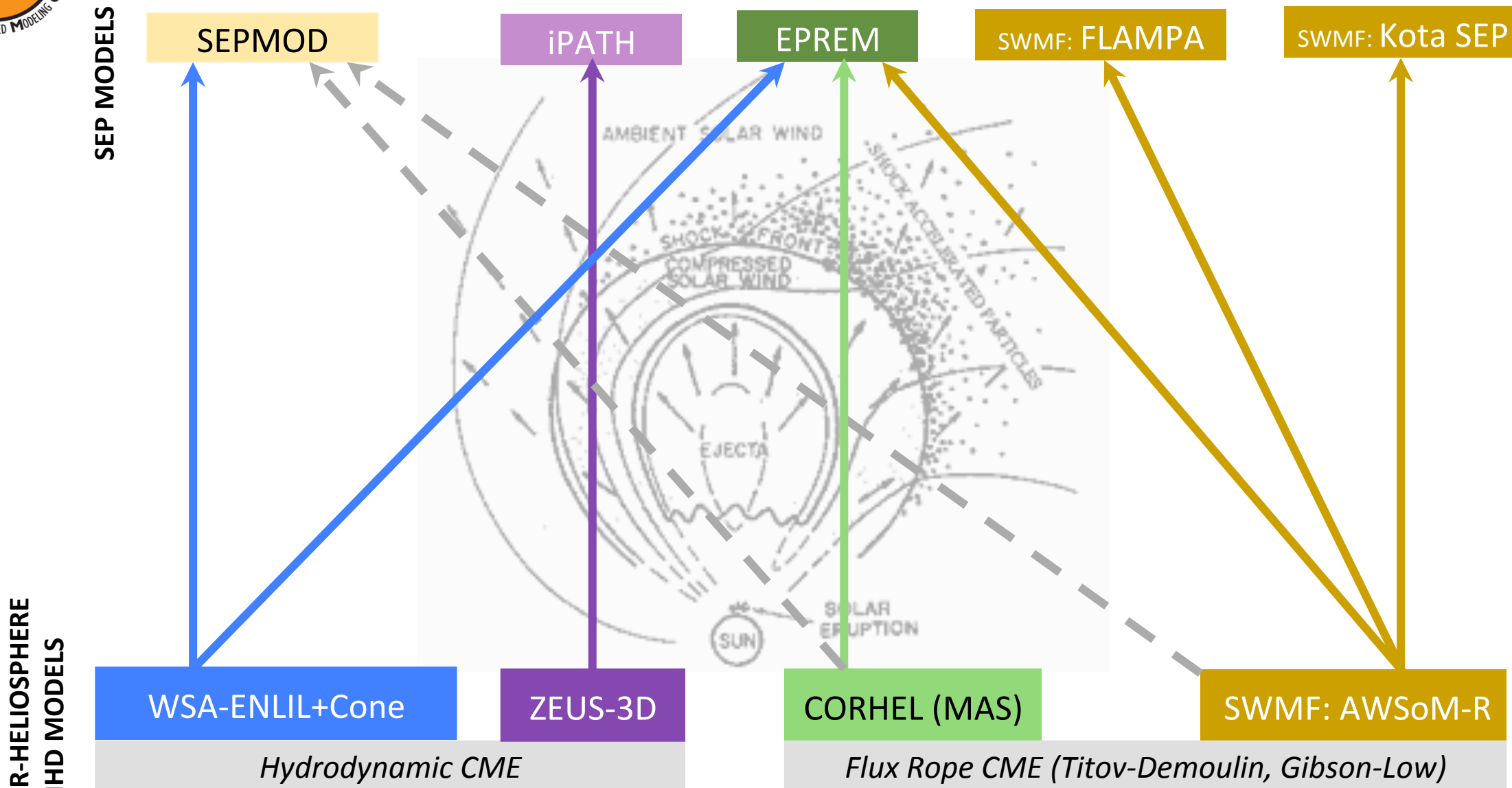


# Coupled Heliosphere and SEP models

CCMC is making steps towards offering a system to run SEP models driven by a variety of heliospheric models.



**Modelers:** N. Arge, D. Odstrcil, J. Luhmann, J. Linker, N.Schwadron, M. Gorby, I.Sokolov

# SEPMOD

M. Leila Mays (NASA GSFC)

for

J. Luhmann (UCB/SSL)



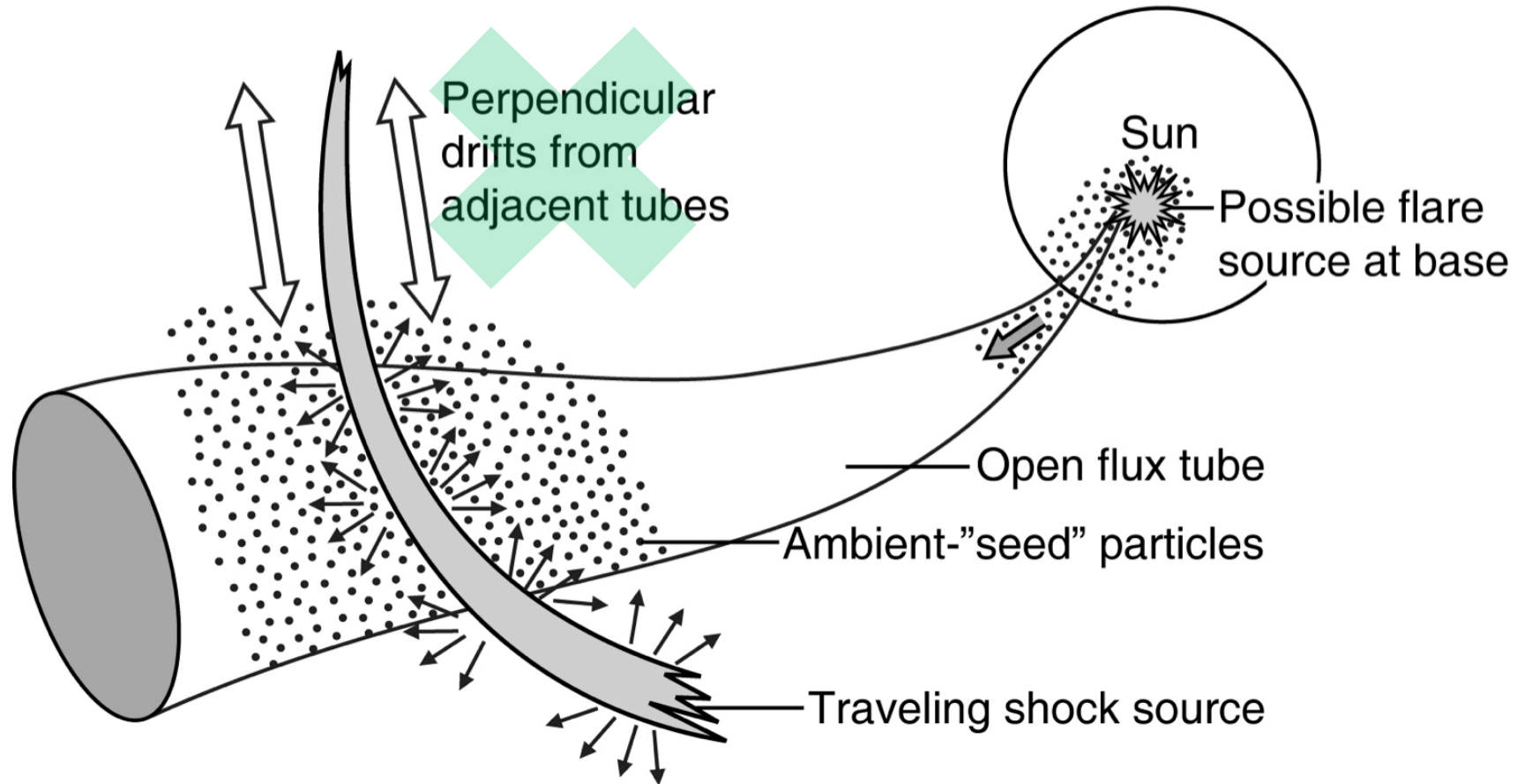
**SEPMOD** was developed under CISM in the mid-2000s to provide a WSA-ENLIL-cone simulation-based SEP model

What it is:

- A *generalized\** test particle code that uses the time-dependent fields and shock information from MHD heliospheric CME/ICME simulations for **FORWARD MODELING SEP event time profiles**  
(\* can actually use any MHD model results)
- Approach:
  - Transport* : A field-line tracer adapted for time-integrating guiding-center particle trajectories of ~1-100 MeV protons.
  - Source*: Uses an MHD shock parameter-based source description that is the same for all events. An ESP enhancement with a softer spectrum is assumed to travel with the shock.
  - Results include*: Time series of SEP fluxes at user-specified energies for any observer(s) in the ENLIL domain , pitch angle distribution (anisotropy) information, option to add flare SEPs.

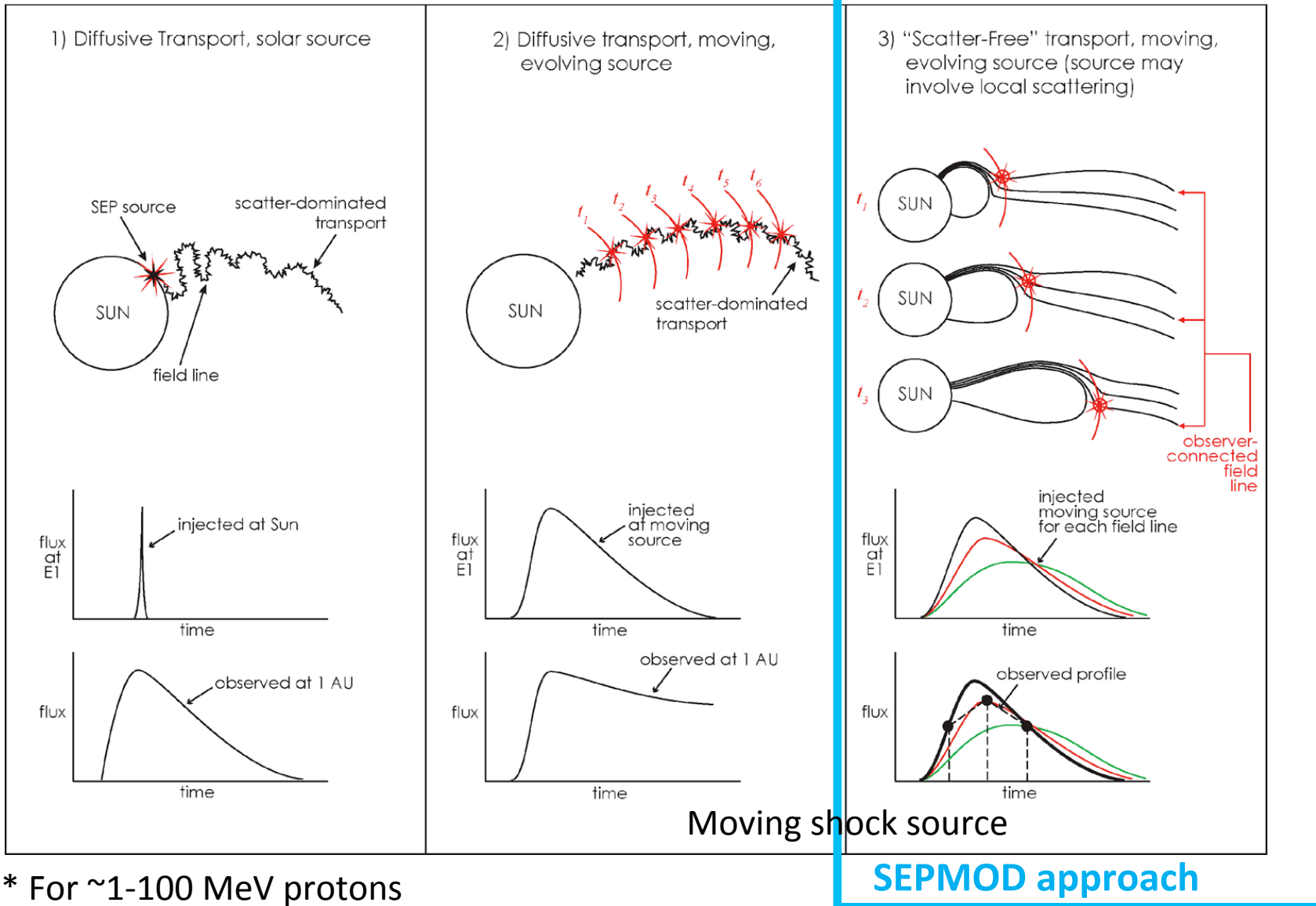
# Underlying SEPMOD Assumption:

Interplanetary shocks are *the* sources of the major SEP events



Tests idea that **Observer connection to a shock** is a necessary condition for a SEP event (in absence of significant perpendicular transport/diffusion)

# SEP Transport Viewpoints \*



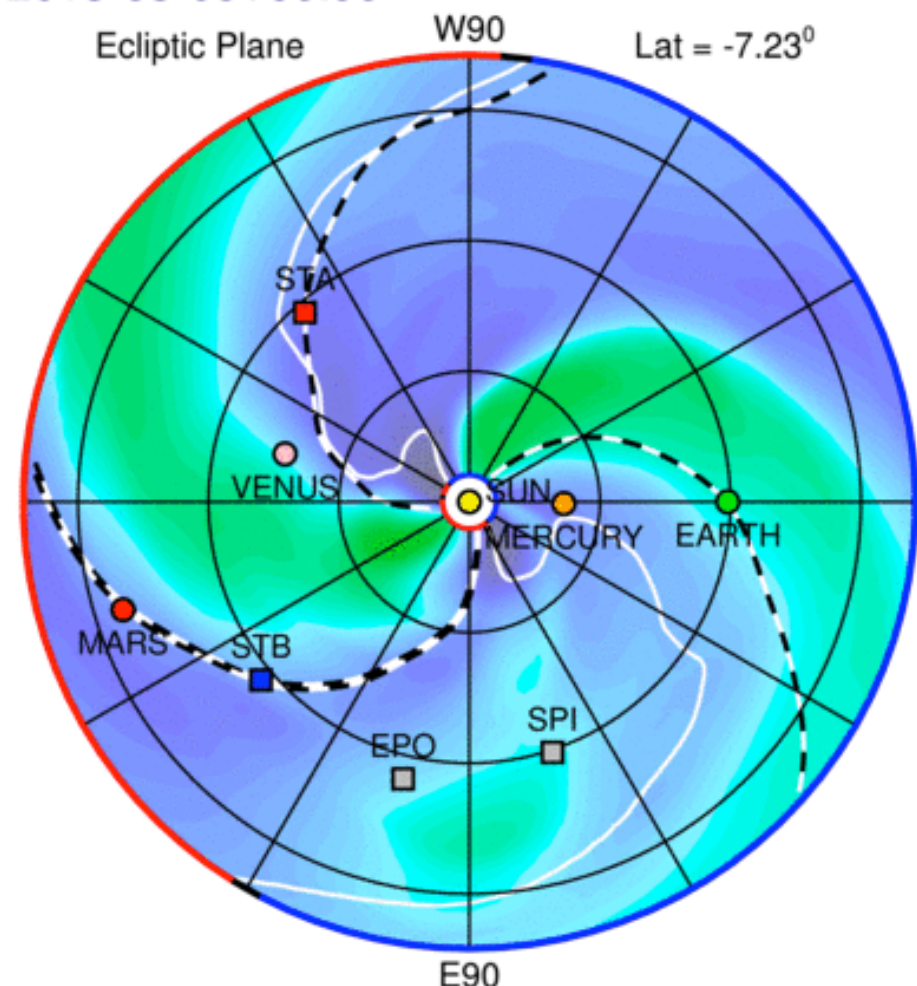
\* For ~1-100 MeV protons

- SEPMOD uses ENLIL shock and field line results to specify time-dependent source strength and transport paths
- SEPMOD estimates SEP fluxes at any location within the ENLIL simulation domain.

More details about SEPMOD: Luhmann et al. *Space Weather* (2017)

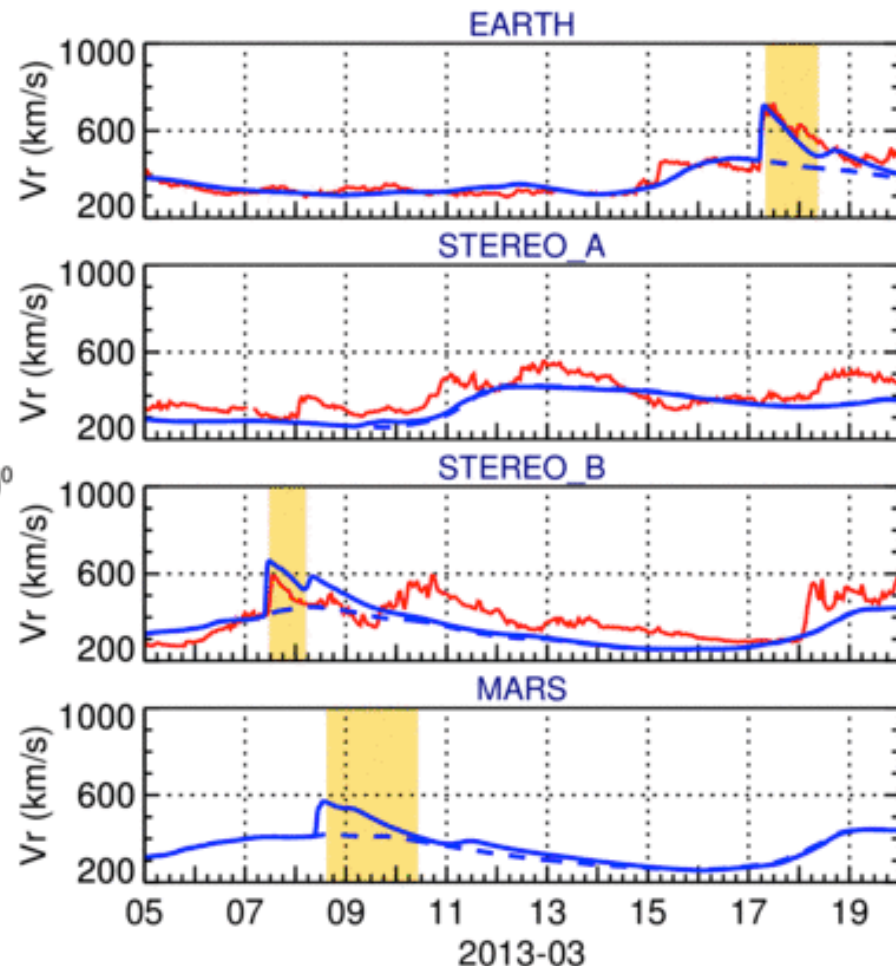
# Simple example (isolated CMEs) to illustrate SEPMOD results: March 2013

2013-03-05T00:00



ENLIL-lowres + GONGb-WSADT + Cone

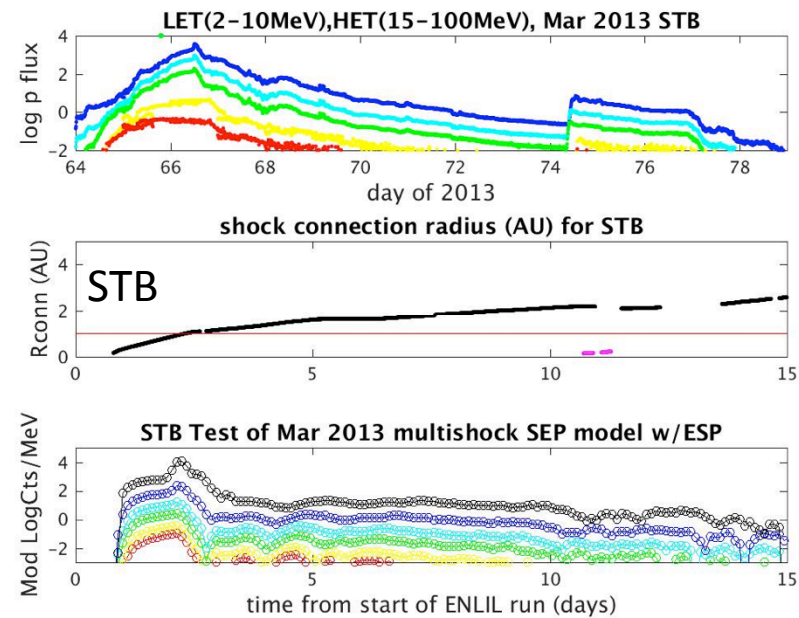
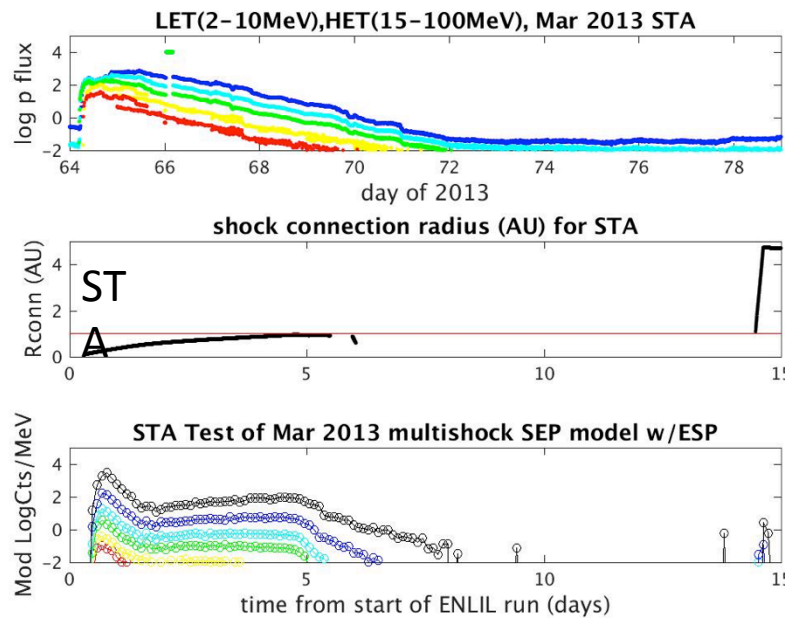
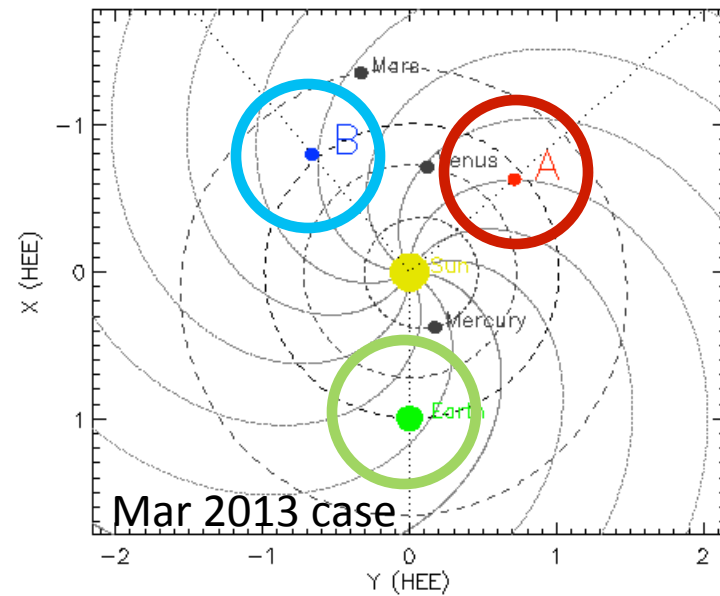
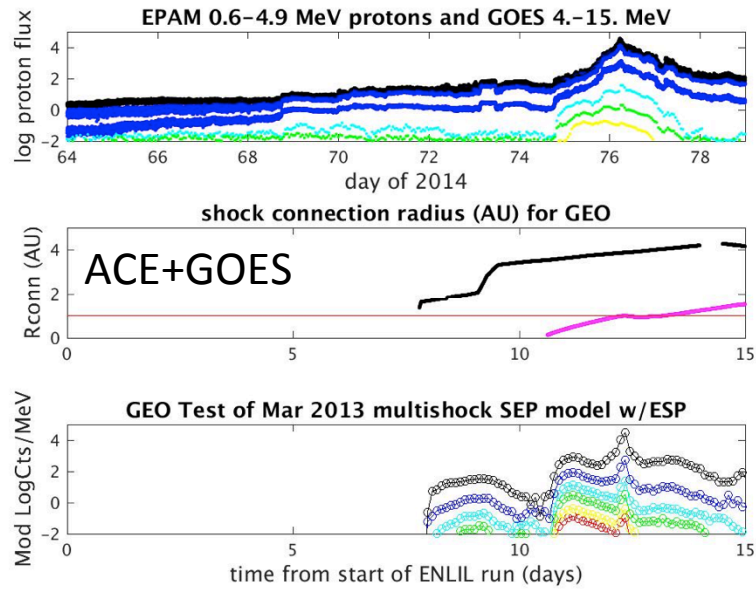
2013-03-05T00 + 0.00 days



HELIO WEATHER



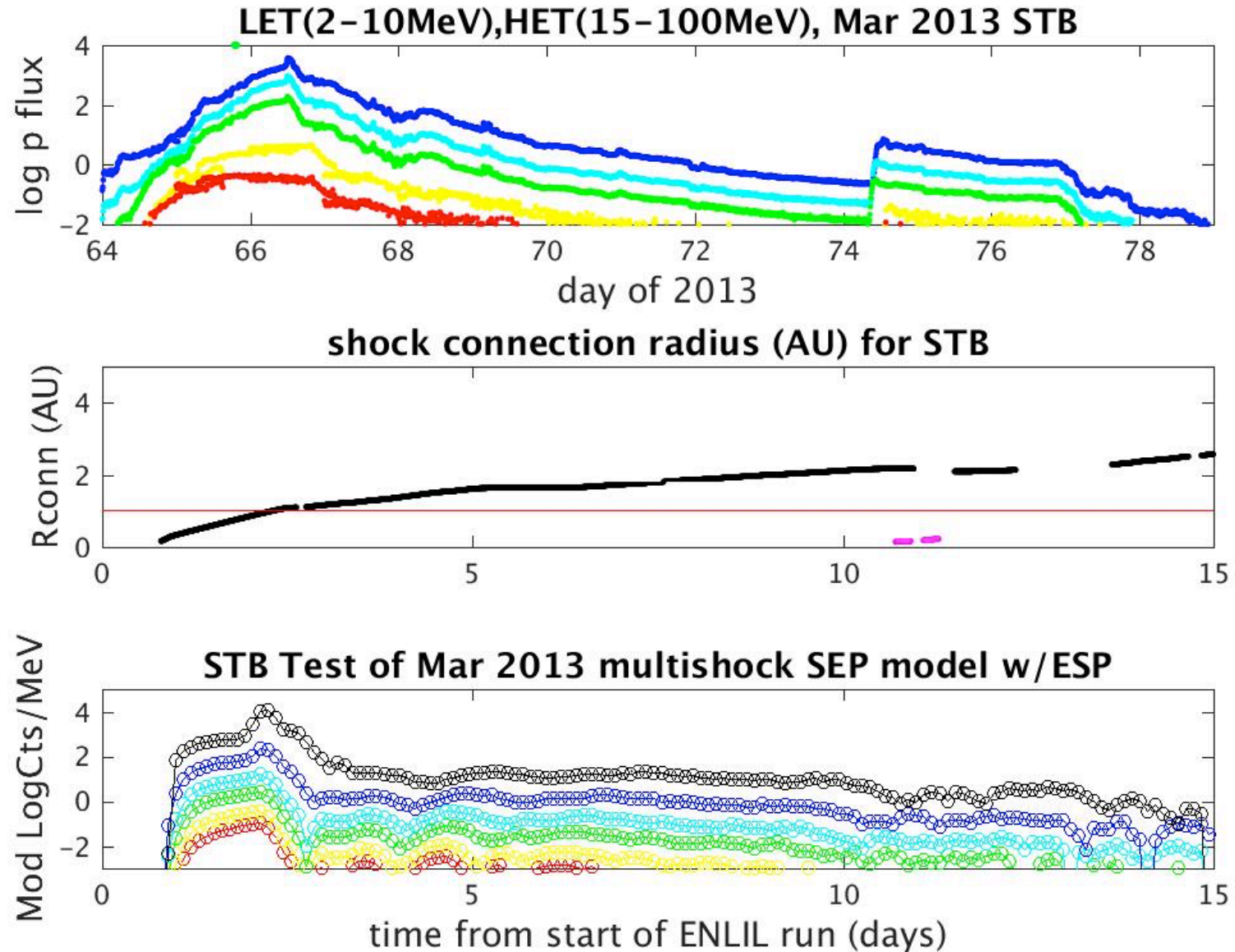
## Observer 'layout' (from SSC)



Note each 'observer' experiences the ENLIL shocks differently

# Sample SEPMOD run results for March 2013 STB:

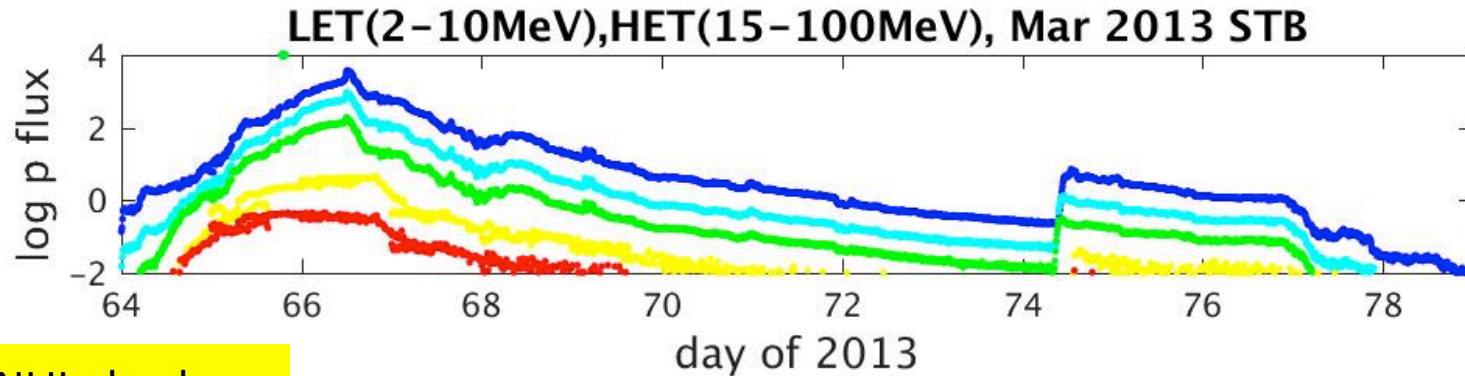
*from top:* STEREO-B SEP data, ENLIL STB shock connections, modeled SEP event(s)



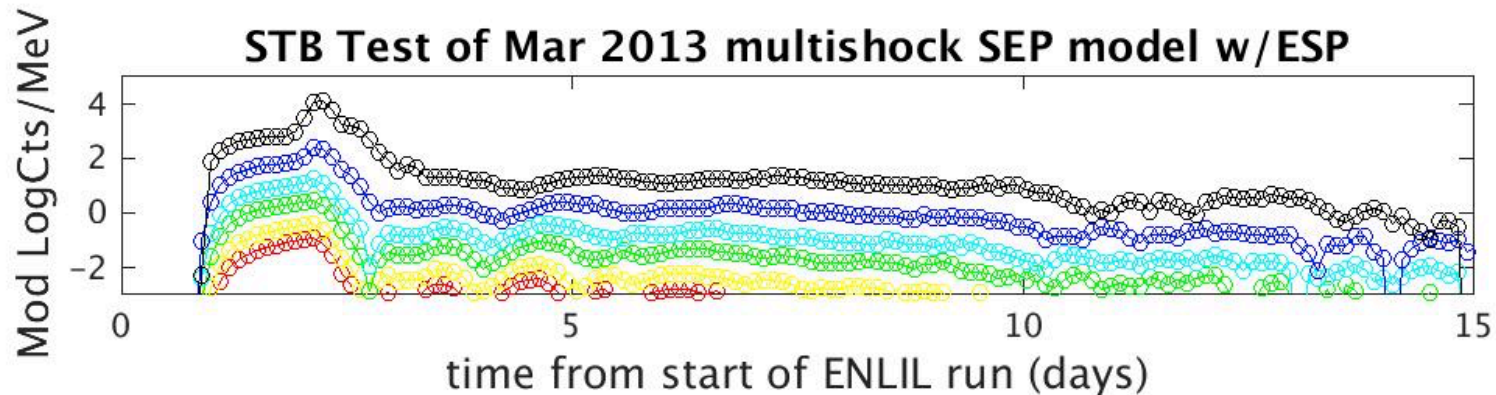
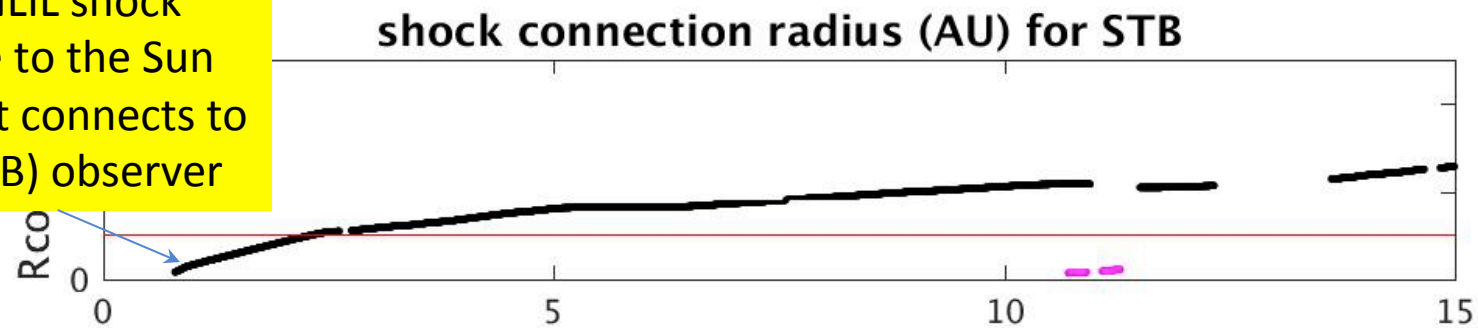


# Sample SEPMOD run results for March 2013 STB:

*from top:* STEREO-B SEP data, ENLIL STB shock connections, modeled SEP event(s)

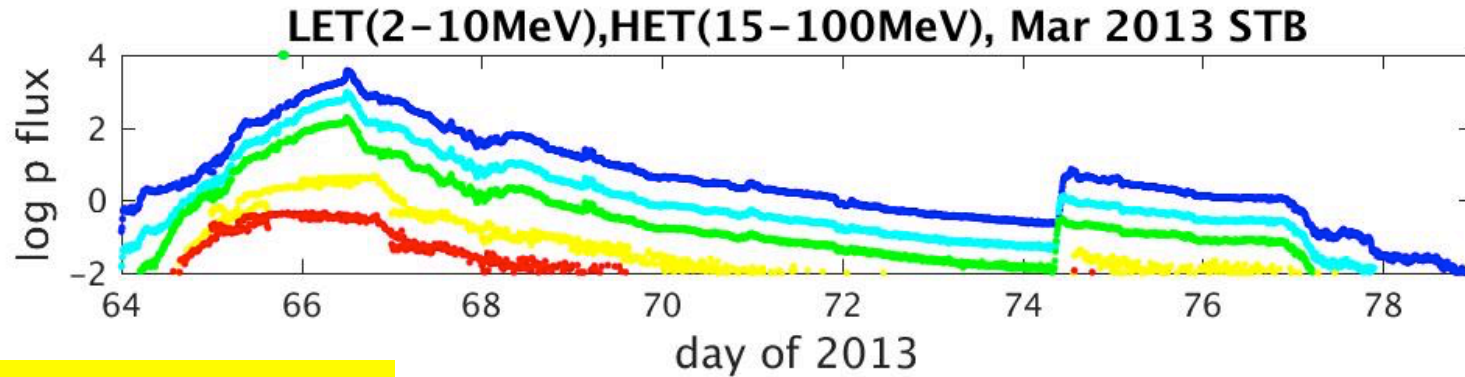


This ENLIL shock is close to the Sun when it connects to the (STB) observer

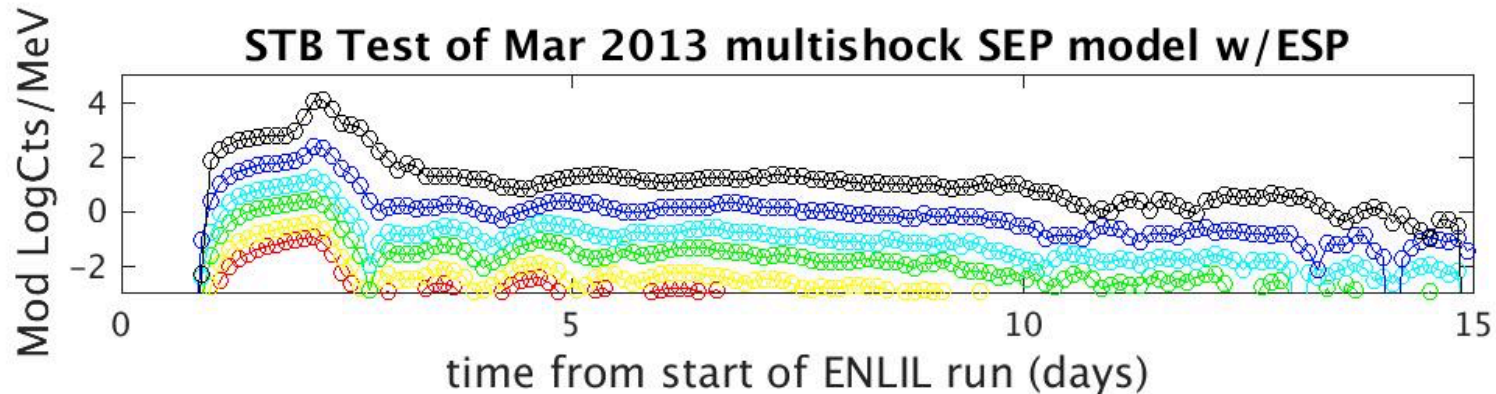
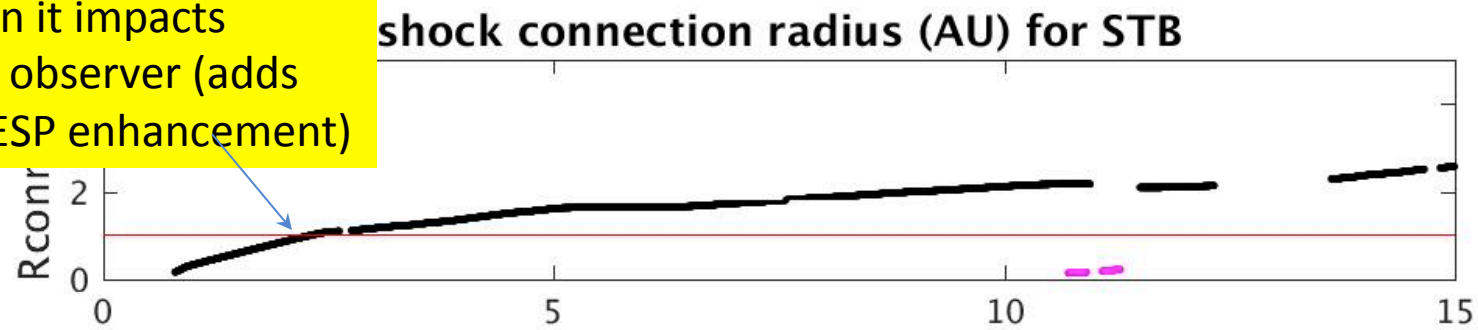


# Sample SEPMOD run results for March 2013 STB:

*from top:* STEREO-B SEP data, ENLIL STB shock connections, modeled SEP event(s)

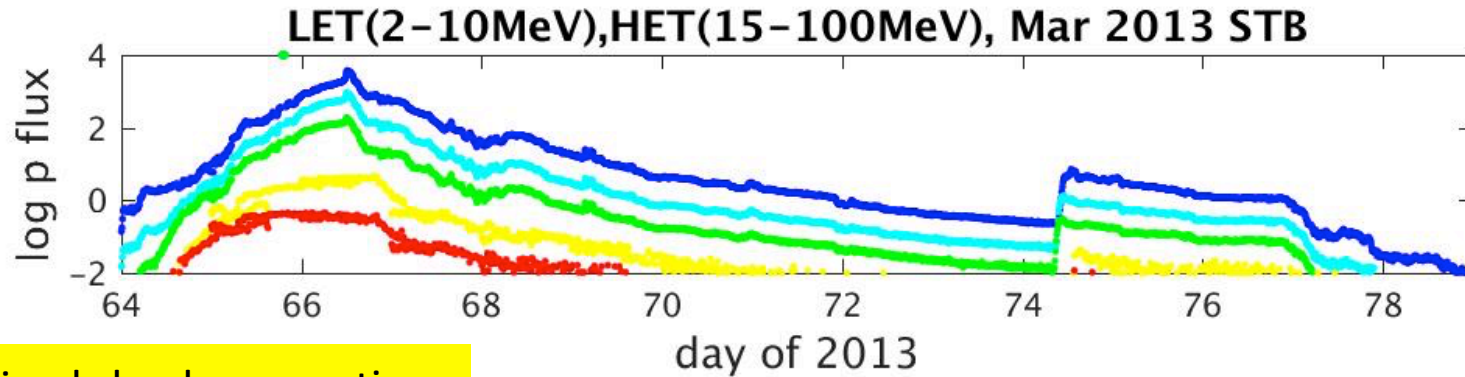


Then it impacts  
this observer (adds  
an ESP enhancement)

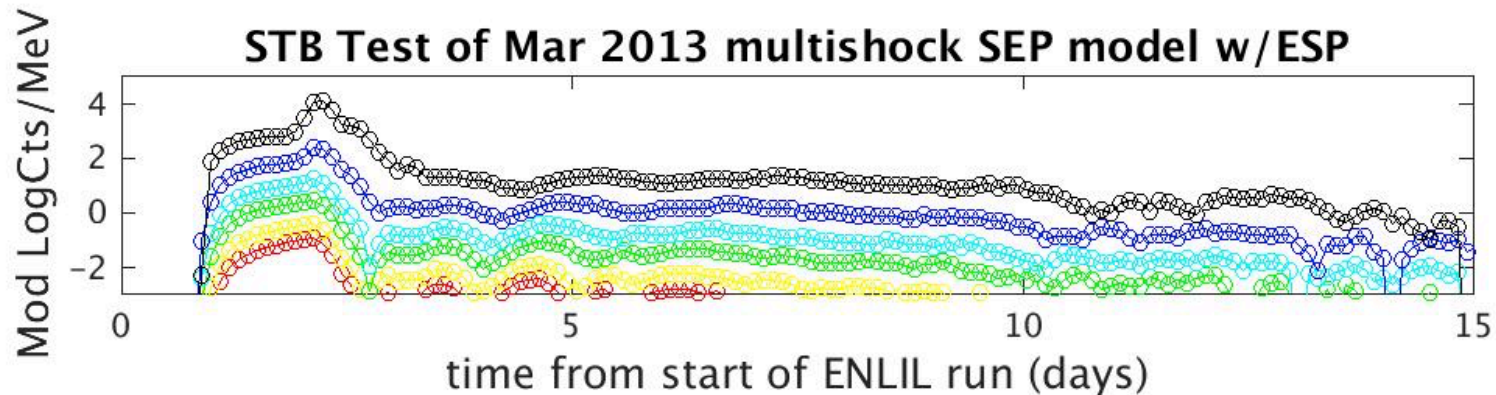
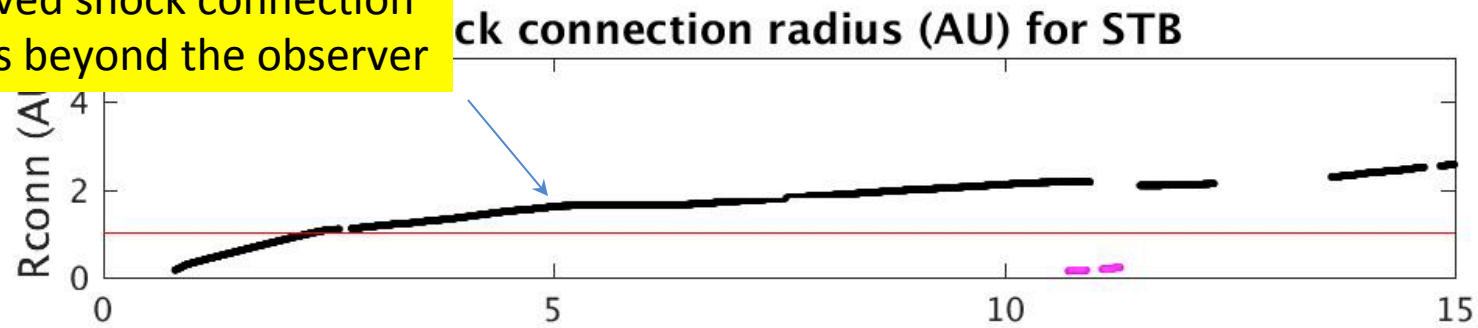


# Sample SEPMOD run results for March 2013 STB:

*from top:* STEREO-B SEP data, ENLIL STB shock connections, modeled SEP event(s)



Long-lived shock connection  
persists beyond the observer



# Summary

- SEPMOD has been **delivered and installed at CCMC** and is currently being tested. It will be made available to the community very soon.
- SEPMOD is an approach to SEP event analysis (and forecasting) that can **“ride along” with WSA-ENLIL-cone model runs.**
- It requires **minimal extra computational resources** and can provide a first-order estimate of SEP proton flux time profiles

## Future Plans

- More testing/adjusting of SEPMOD is underway and can be undertaken by others
- Like PFSS model it is relatively straightforward in concept, and easy to run and modify
- Other physics and phenomena can be introduced: e.g. a flare source addition exists but is not generally added, and/or phenomenological diffusion processes
- Physically, SEPMOD helps test the limits of the shock source connectivity picture of observed SEP events