

Advanced Visualization of CCMC Simulations

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Data Visualization

- Distinguish from animation by larger emphasis on use of DATA.
- The primary goal in SVS approach to data visualization is to present data in a form that can be readily comprehended by the audience whether they be the general public or government & policy makers.
- Data in context, usually well beyond what can be done in scientific data visualization tools.
- Where is it in space and/or time?
- Are we exaggerating physical or temporal scales?
- Many of our visuals last less than 30 seconds.

DB: bv_01442.vtu
Cycle: 1442

1.321e+04
8806.

0.000
Min: 0.000

10.00
7.500

2.500

0.000
Min: 0.000

0.000
-0.1000
-0.2000

Max: 4.336
Min: -2.841

Pseudocolor
Var: radialMagnet

4.000
2.000
0.000
-2.000
-4.000

Max: 4.336
Min: -2.841

user: wbridgma
Wed Aug 13 14:37:07 2014

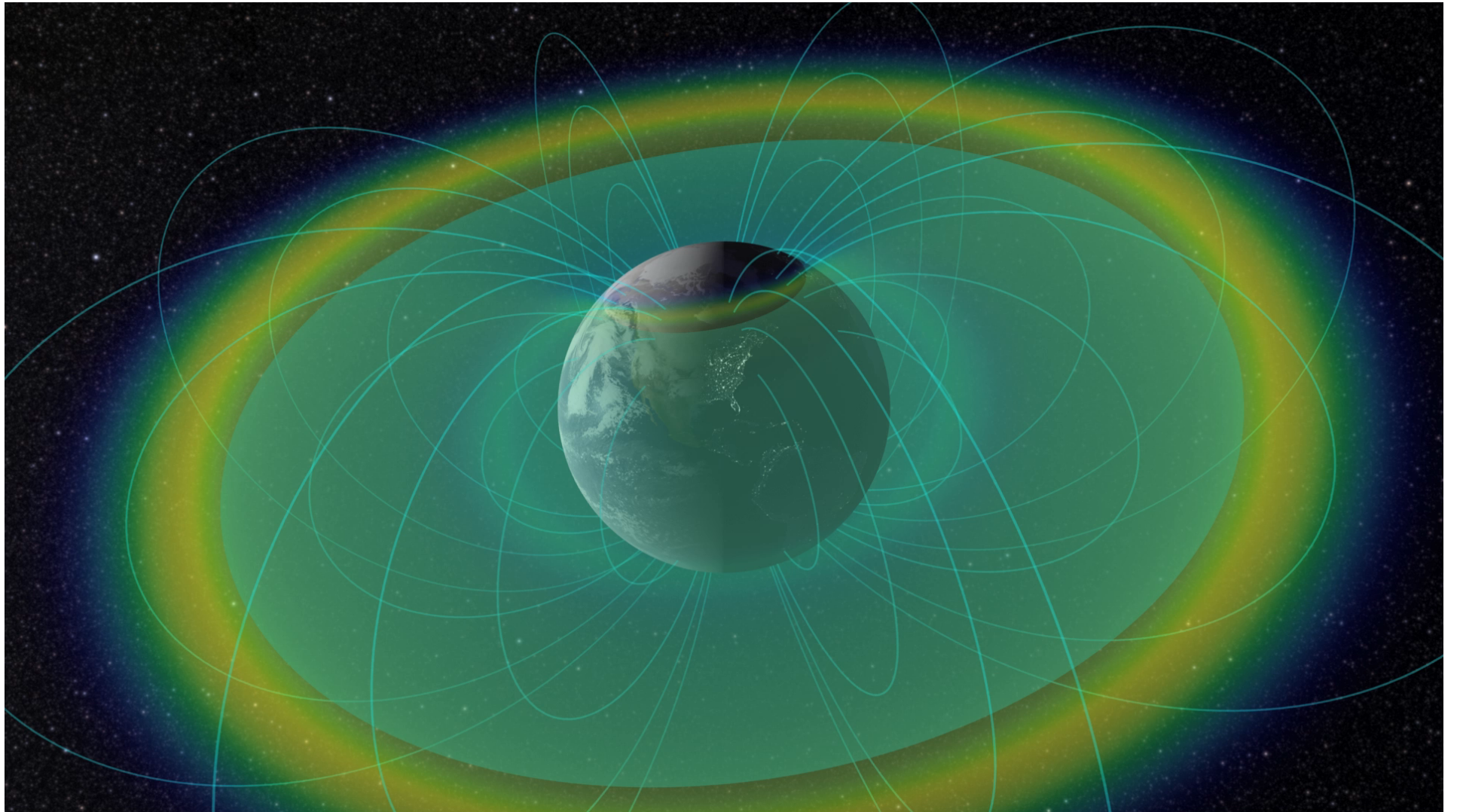


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Challenges



- Being true to the data. Feedback from the scientists is important
- Extreme ranges of spatial scales.
- How do you present something invisible to the human senses such as electric & magnetic fields?
- Large size of datasets, many different types of datasets and formats (SPICE kernels, TLEs, BATSRUS, ENLIL, planet textures, CDF, text, binary)
- Pre-processing steps to convert data from something in a format for science to something that can communicate to more general audiences
- Need for intermediate datasets - isosurfaces, field lines, density volumes, vector
- Scenes are generally too complex to render interactively

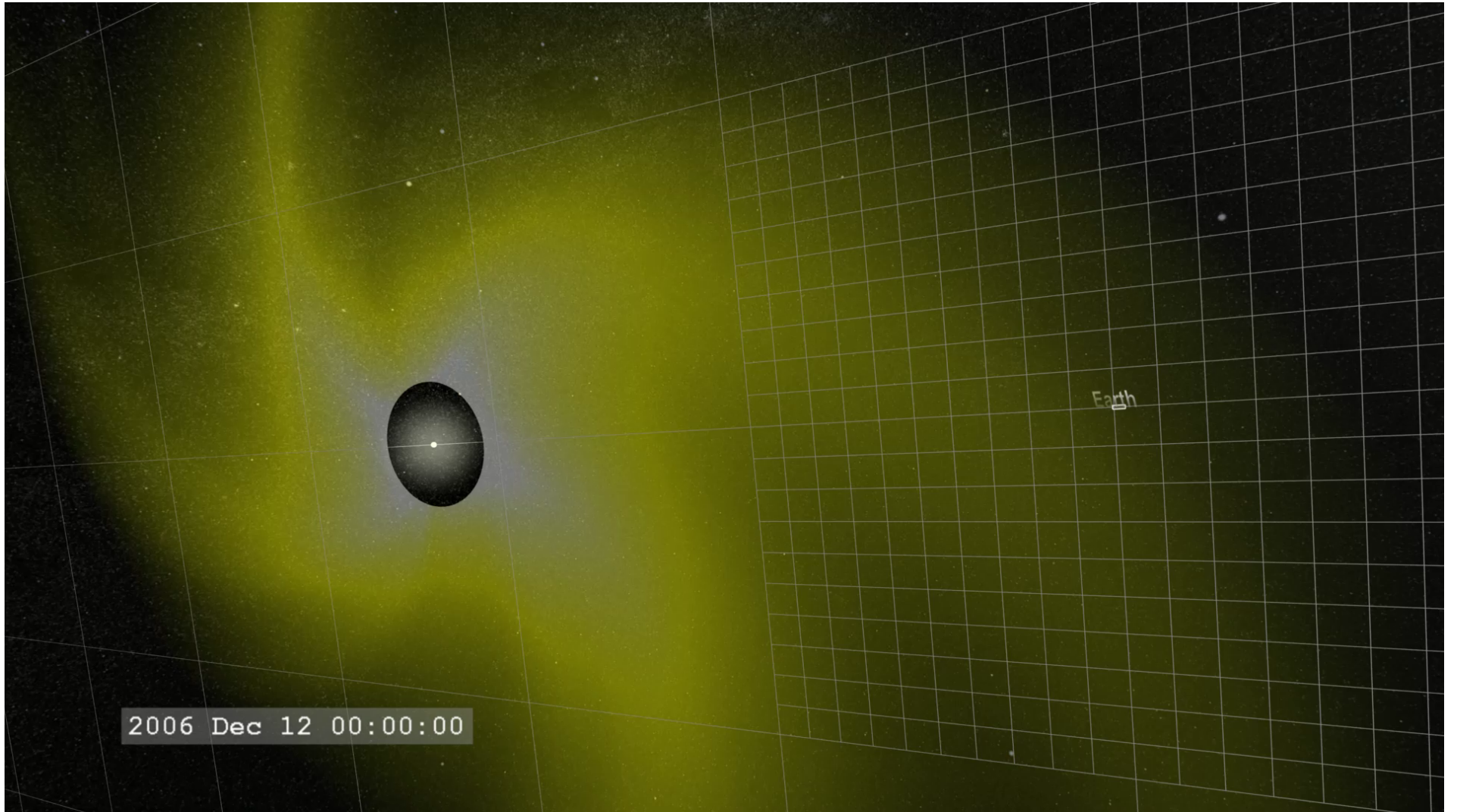


Requirements for Good Visuals

Models or data that might be perfectly satisfactory for scientific analysis may not be suitable for high-quality visualizations for public consumption

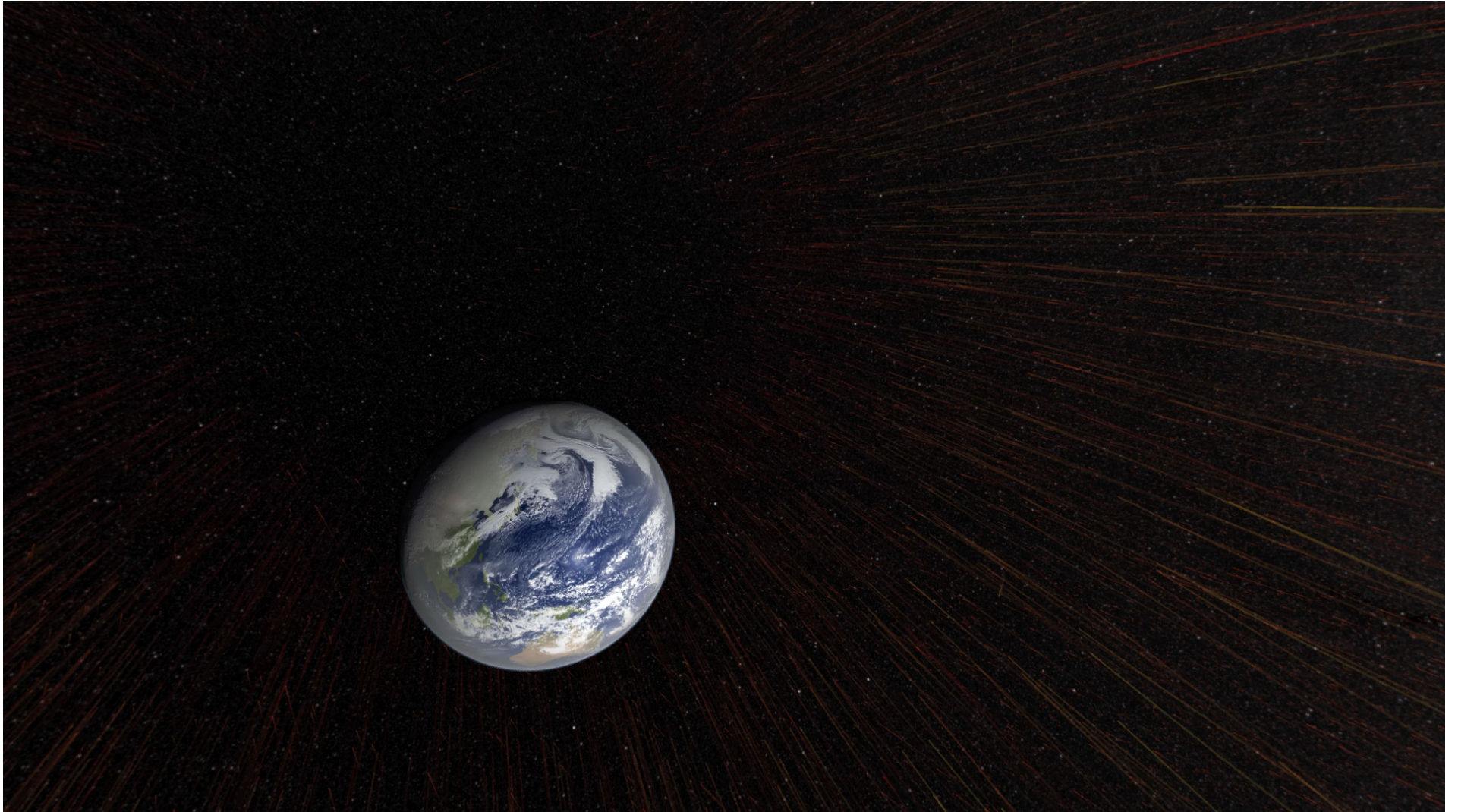
- Good time resolution. Shocks do not interpolate well
- Good spatial resolution.
- Good time and spatial COVERAGE
- Co-registration of different datasets. Does the cause from one dataset propagate cleanly to the next dataset?

Artifacts that look odd or unexpected can detract and/or distract the audience from your message



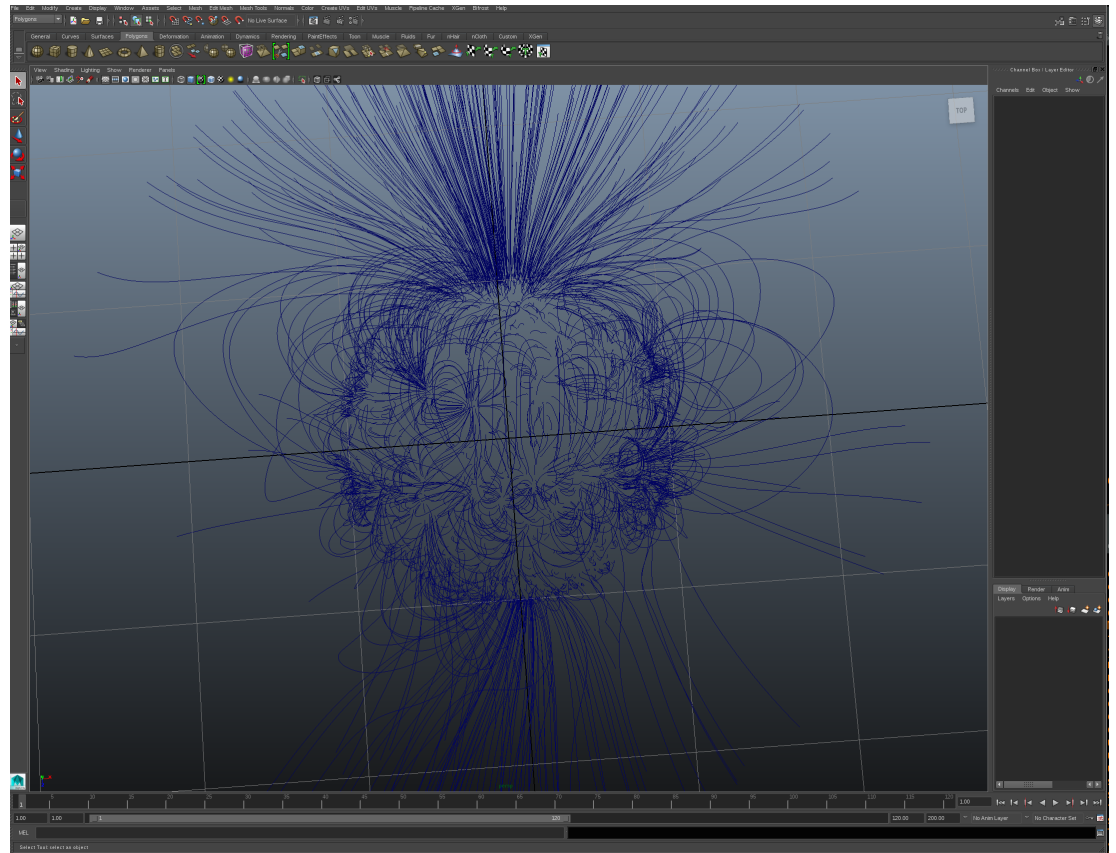
2006 Dec 12 00:00:00

Earth



'Standard' Tools

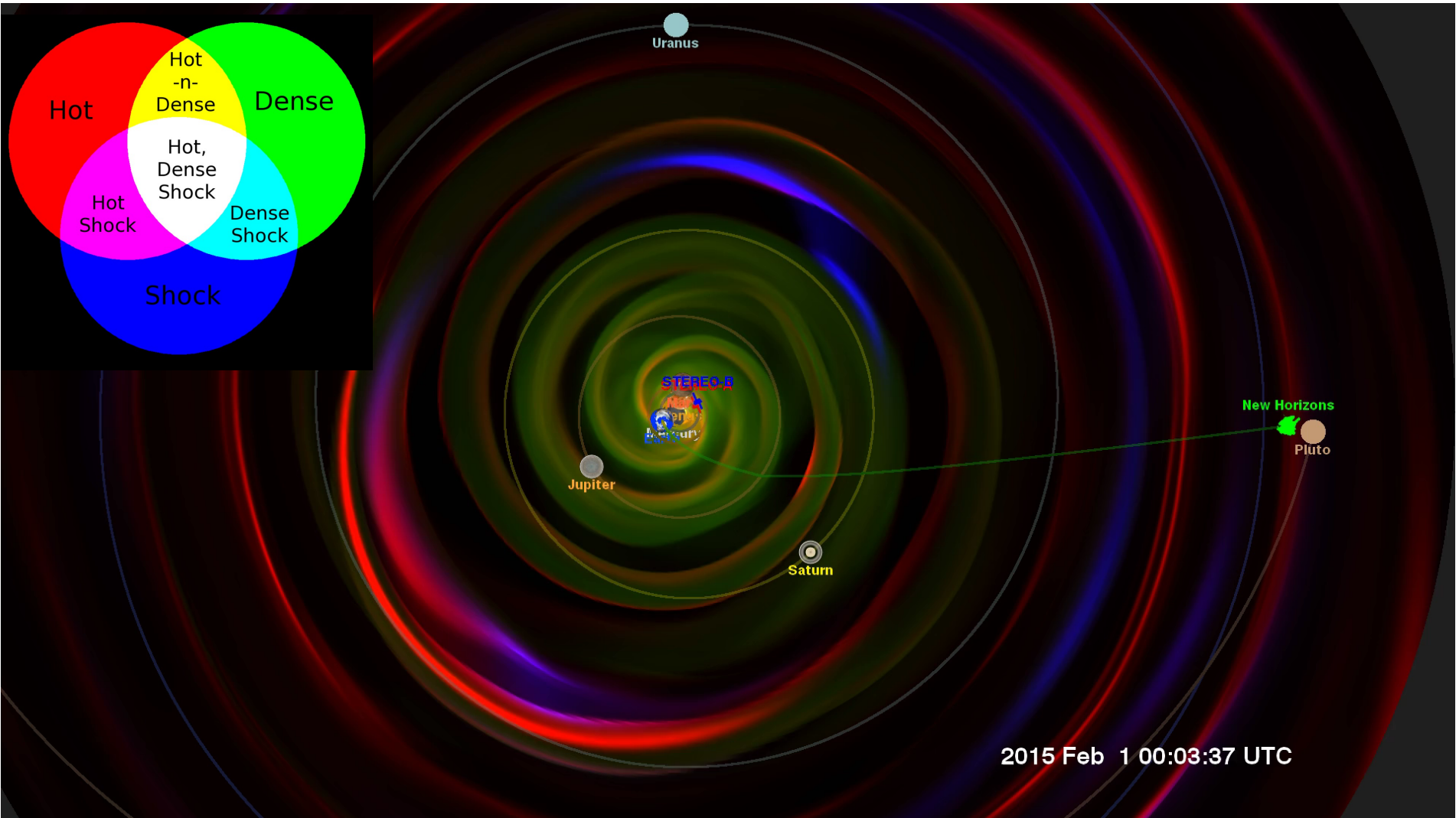
- Maya & RenderMan.
Scripting in MEL. Data preprocessing using IDL, C
- Good: Camera control. 'Preview' capability
 - Bad: PRECISION motion control. Might need to convert many different datasets to different importable formats requiring more compute time and disk space.



My Tools

Python & RenderMan

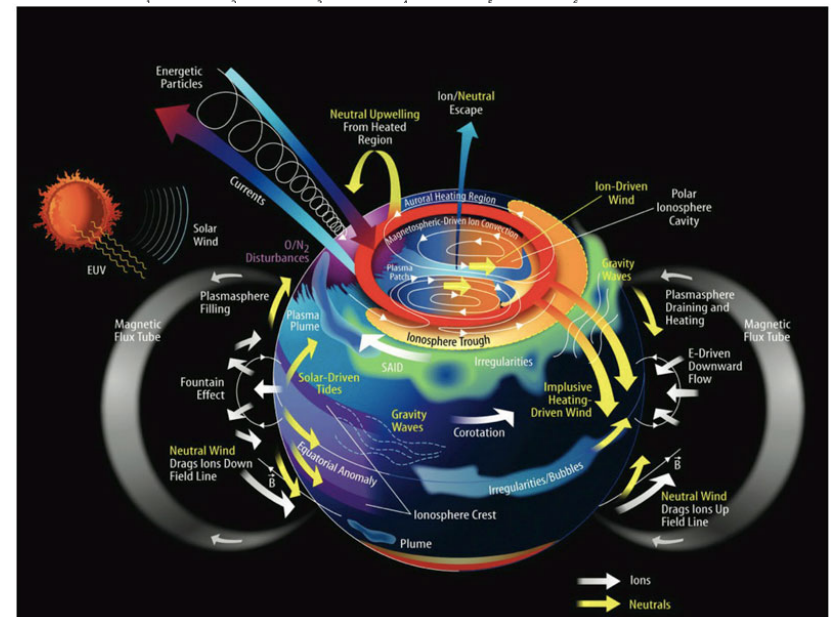
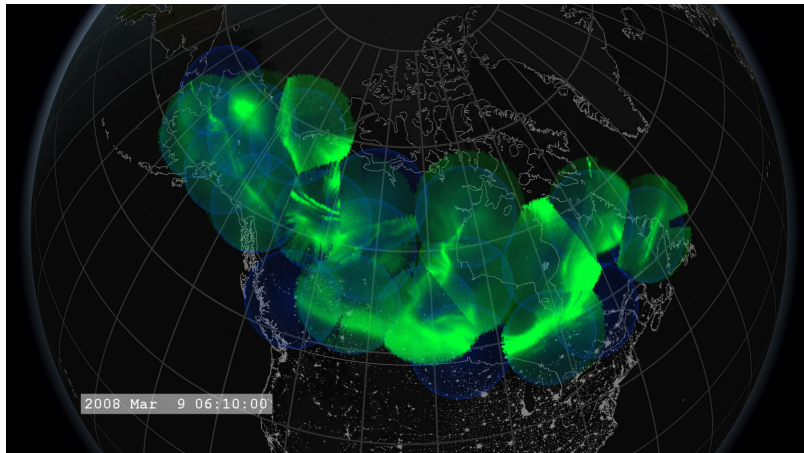
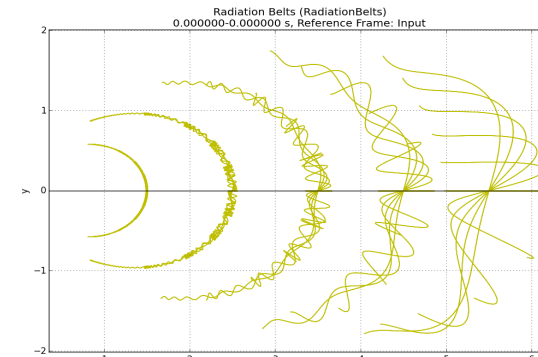
- Good: Precise motion control. Some data processing performed at render time. Easier to integrate many different types of datasets through abstraction. Easier to make stand-alone pipelines.
- Bad: Difficult camera control. No preview capability.



Wish List Items

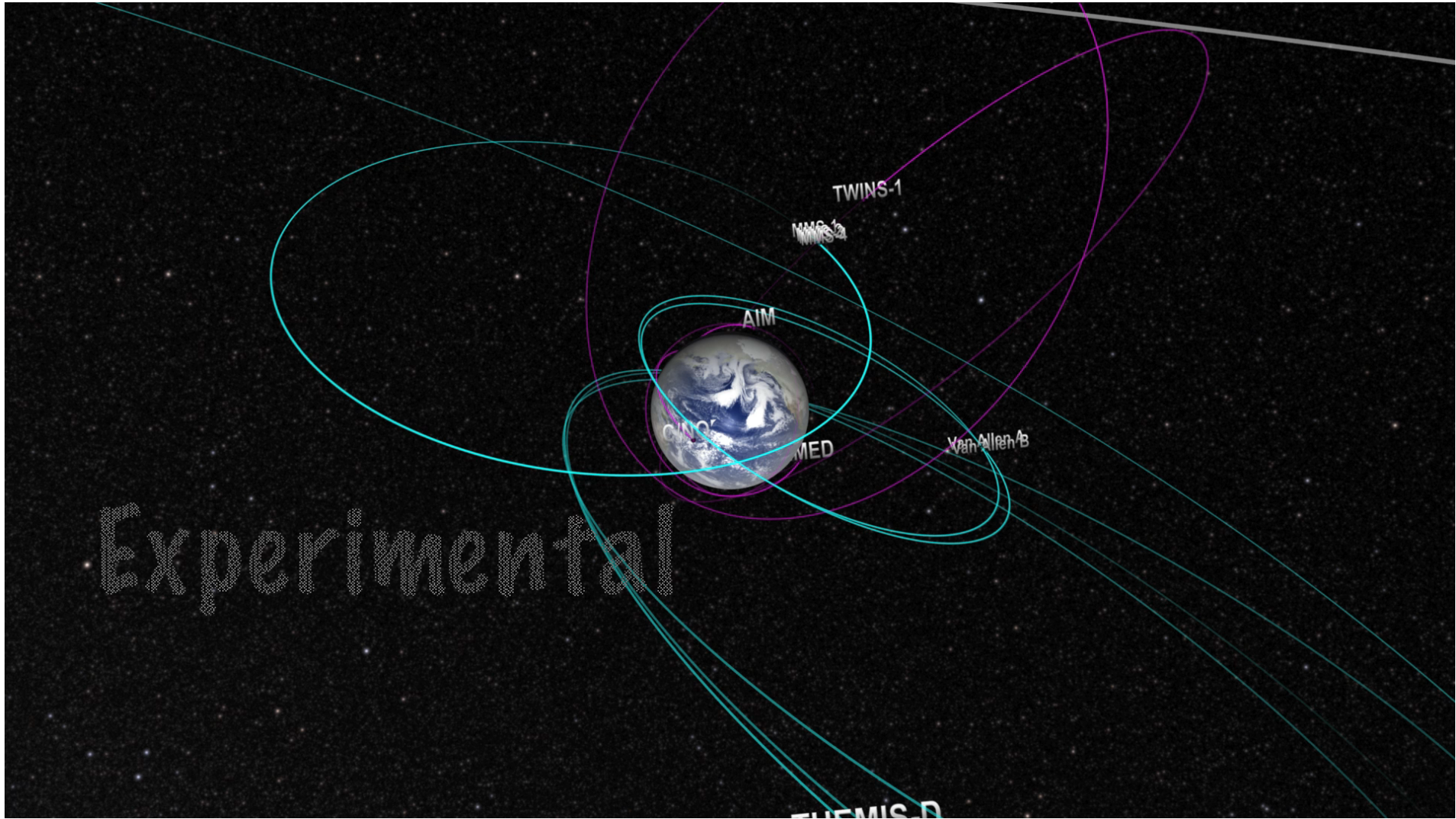
By no means exhaustive...

- Aurora generator
- More realistic radiation belts
- Improved 'Generalized' magnetosphere model



HOLY GRAIL

Datasets and models covering from the
beginning of an event on the Sun
(a flare or CME)
to its terrestrial impacts
(magnetosphere, aurora)



Experimental