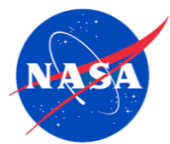


A photograph taken from the International Space Station (ISS) showing the Earth's surface and atmosphere. The aurora borealis is visible as a bright green and yellow glow in the upper atmosphere. The ISS structure, including solar panel arrays, is visible in the foreground.

## Need for Database of Measured SWx Impact (aka anomaly database)

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NASA/MSFC  
7th CCMC Workshop  
31 March – 4 April 2014  
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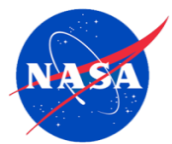


# Motivation for a Database

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- This has been tried numerous time before but never seems to work, why try again?
- Database showing effects of space environment is good for both the CCMC modeling and user\* community:
  - Communicates the importance of space weather on reliability of terrestrial, aeronautical, and space based technological infrastructure
  - Demonstrates societal relevance of space weather
  - Provides a clear record of who is a “user” of space weather products
  - Database of space weather events and impacts on technology is useful for evaluating ability to model relevant environments and their effects on technology
  - Provides a record of model and data support to user community including operations
  - Documents NASA program operational space weather needs

\*Users: science, space environments and effects engineering, and operations communities



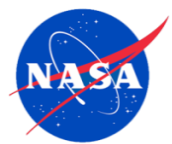
# Chandra Solar Cycle 24 Radiation Interventions

Event	Start	End	Lost Science time	Auto/Manual	Cause (HRC/EPHIN/ACE)
<b>3 (+1)</b>	<b>2011</b>		<b>406 ks (113 hr)</b>	<b>2/1</b>	<b>2/0/1</b>
1**	Jun 7 15:23 UT	Jun 8 12:50 UT	74.9 (20.8)	Auto	HRC (hard)
2	Aug 4 07:03	Aug 7 10:25	270.4 (75.1)	Auto	HRC (hard)
3	Oct 24 18:27	Oct 25 22:35	61.1 (17.0)	Manual	ACE P3' (soft)
4	Oct 26 11:40	Oct 28 12:33	154 (42.8)	Auto	Command Telemetry Unit (SEU)
<b>10</b>	<b>2012</b>		<b>1,246 ks (346 hr)</b>	<b>7/3</b>	<b>5/2/3</b>
5	Jan 23 06:00	Jan 26 08:27	192.1 (53.4)	Auto	HRC (hard)
6	Jan 27 19:39	Jan 30 02:20	163.4 (45.4)	Auto	HRC (hard)
7	Feb 27 03:24	Feb 27 20:23	61 (16.9)	Manual	ACE P3' (soft)
8	Mar 7 05:30	Mar 13 05:14	440 (122.2)	Auto	HRC (hard)
9	Mar 13 22:41	Mar 14 13:57	53.3 (14.8)	Auto	HRC (hard)
10	May 17 02:18	May 18 04:52	93.8 (26.1)	Auto	E1300 (hard)
11	Jul 12 19:59	Jul 14 00:09	61.7 (17.1)	Auto	E1300 (hard)
12	Jul 14 21:08	Jul 16 05:16	80.1 (22.3)	Manual	ACE P3' (soft)
13	Jul 19 11:44	Jul 20 04:09	56.5 (15.7)	Auto	HRC (hard)
14	Sep 3 12:57	Sep 4 12:41	44.5 (12.4)	Manual	ACE P3' (soft)
<b>4</b>	<b>2013</b>		<b>368.6 ks (102 hr)</b>	<b>1/3</b>	<b>0/0/3 (+1)</b>
15	Mar 17 12:32	Mar 19 05:58	105.7 (29.4)	Manual	ACE P3' (soft)
16	May 22 14:49	May 24 12:22	123.6 (34.3)	Auto	ACIS (hard)**
17	May 24 20:41	May 25 11:56	54.0 (15.0)	Manual	ACE P3' (soft)
18	Oct 02 02:04	Oct 03 13:27	85.3 (23.7)	Manual	ACE P3' (soft)
<b>4</b>	<b>2014 (through 28 March)</b>		<b>364.4 ks (101 hr)</b>	<b>1/1</b>	<b>0/1/1</b>
19	Jan 07 20:39	Jan 12 01:54	364.5 (101.3)	Auto/Manual	Multiple (hard), ACE P3' (soft)

\* First radiation interruption since 2006 December 13

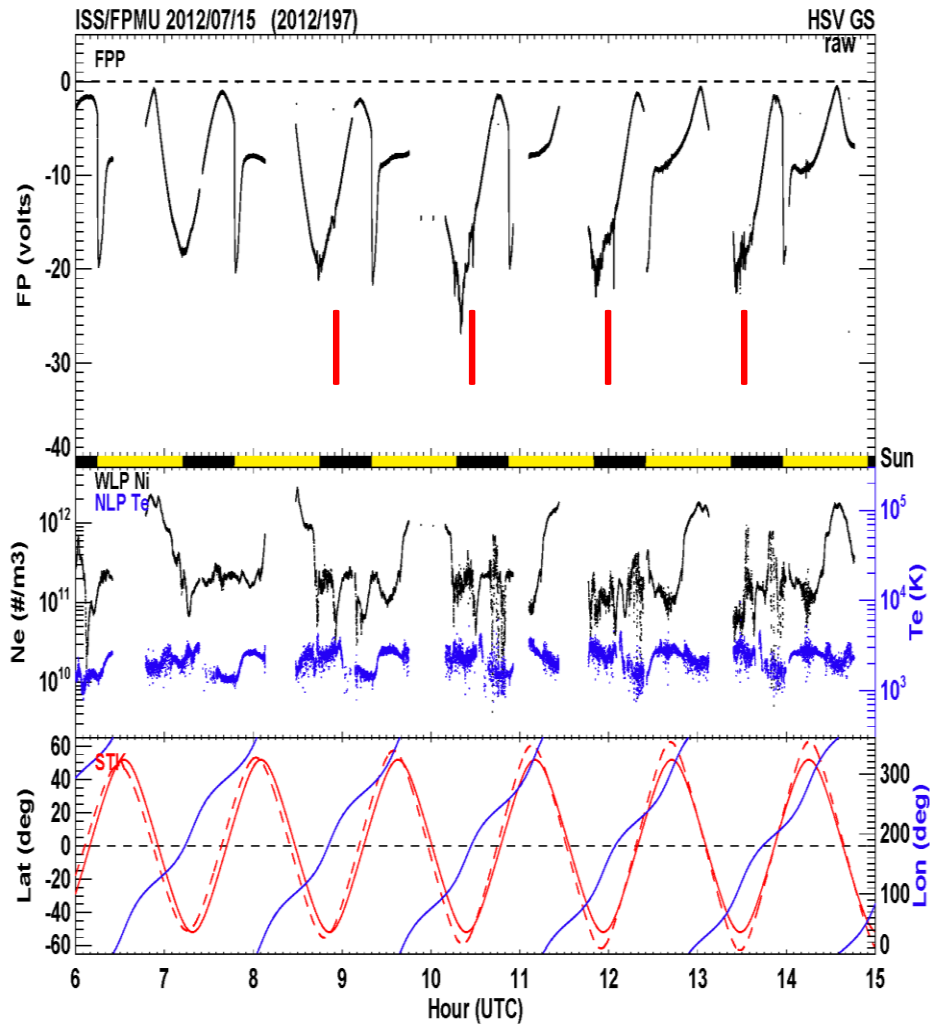
\*\*First ACIS trigger event

Source: Chandra Radiation Central <http://asc.harvard.edu/mta/RADIATION/>

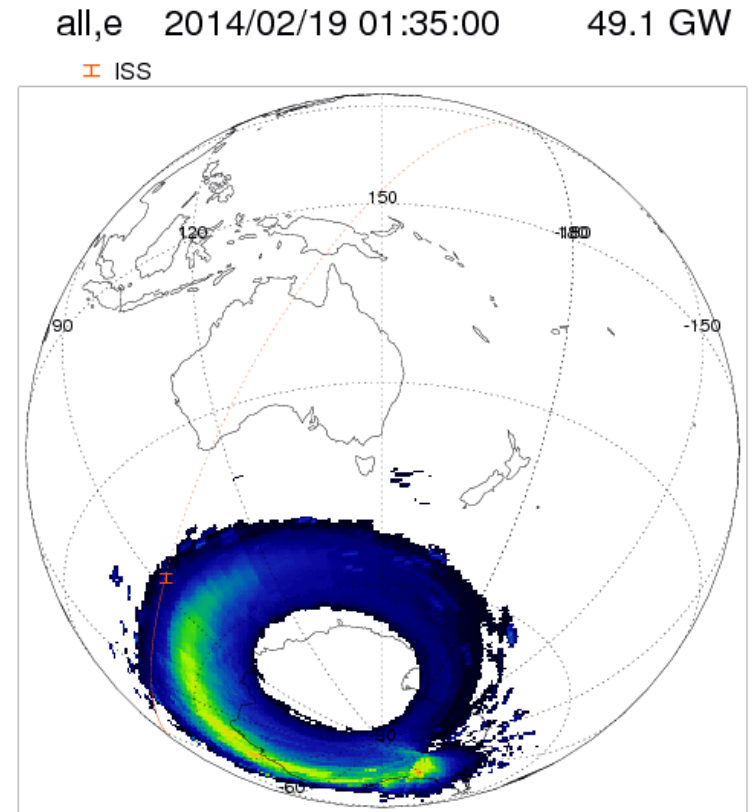


# ISS Auroral Charging Investigation

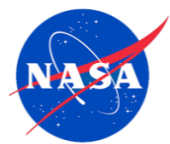
## ISS Floating Potential Measurement Unit



## CCMC Ovation Prime



[Minow and Parker, 2013]



# ISS Auroral Charging

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## ISS Auroral Charging Observations

## FPMU Operations

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26 March 2008 (GMT 086)

STS-123/ESA ATV-001 docking

5-6 April 2010 (GMT 095-096)

STS-131/19A

22,23,25 January 2012 (GMT 025)

SWx: M8.7 flare, CME ~2211 km/s

9-11 March 2012 (GMT 069-071)

SWx: X5.4 flare, CME ~2200 km/s

X1.3 flare, CME ~1800 km/s

23 May 2012 (GMT 144)

SpaceX Dragon berth/unberth

15-16 July 2012 (GMT 197-198)

SWx: X1.4 flare, CME ~1400 km/s

3 September 2012 (GMT 247)

US EVA 19

20 January 2013 (GMT 020)

Solar Cycle 24 Solar Maximum Conditions

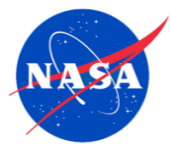
17 March 2013 (GMT 076)

SWx: M1.1 flare, CME ~1400 km/s

28,29 June 2013 (GMT 179,180)

US EVA 22,23

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# Suggestions

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- Don't use the word "anomaly" in the name for the database
  - There are many space weather impacts that are interesting that don't rise to the level of an operational anomaly
  - No one wants their spacecraft on an anomaly list
  - Value is in documenting effects of space environment on operational systems, use of CCMC tools to understand the effects
- Database of Notifications, Knowledge, Information (DONKI) appears to provide a good framework for this database:
  - Already providing a catalog of space weather events, information on events, inputs from multiple sources, and interpretation of events
  - Add functionality to log space environment effects on NASA (and other?) systems with keywords for effect (e.g., SEU, charging, drag, atomic oxygen)
  - Ability to cross index and search for effects related to space weather phenomenon