

Model Validation

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- L. Rastaetter, A. Pulkkinen,
- Y. Zheng, J.S. Shim, M. Kuznetsova

http://ccmc.gsfc.nasa.gov

NASA Goddard Space Flight Center

















Overview

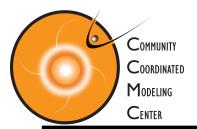
Encompasses 4 types of validation study

- 1. By the CCMC
- 2. Based on studies by CCMC users
- 3. Community-wide Challenges
- 4. Collaborative Validations
 - CCMC/AFIT Acebal

Organized by discipline

- Solar and Heliospheric MacNeice, Taktakishvilli, Pulkkinen
- Magnetospheric Rastaetter, Kuznetsova, Zheng
- Ionospheric and Thermospheric Shim, Kuznetsova

Emphasize the breath of the overall validation effort.



Solar and Heliospheric Models

(With input from Sandro Taktakishvilli and Antti Pulkkinen)

Solar and Heliospheric

- Ambient Models
 - Fieldline Tracing published Oct. 2011
 - Skill Score Analysis of latest ENLIL (v2.7d) just begun
 - Heliospheric Tomography in data collection phase
 - Study by Lan Jian
 - SHINE workshop study in definition phase
- Transient
 - ENLIL Cone Model
 - 2 CCMC studies published + in preparation
 - 2 studies led by Thea Von Falkenberg
 - Collaborative study with AFIT (Dan Emmons, Ariel Acebal)

Field Line Tracing

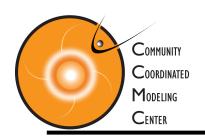
Collaborative Validation with AFIT (Brian Elliot and Ariel Acebal)

Concept

- Accurate tracing of fieldlines from Earth to Sun could support improved forecasting of SEPs
- How good are the current generation of operational models at tracing Earth/Sun fieldline connectivity?
 - Can use of ENLIL improve accuracy of fieldline tracing?

Process

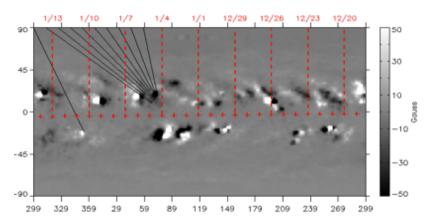
- Catalog weak impulsive SEP bursts with clear signatures of coronal origin
- Identify transient brightenings at solar surface consistent with SEP times of flight as marker of Earth connected fieldline footpoint
- Compare this 'observed' fieldline with fieldlines reconstructed from four different models
 - 1. Parker Spiral
 - 2. PFSS + Parker Spiral
 - 3. WSA
 - 4. WSA/ENLIL

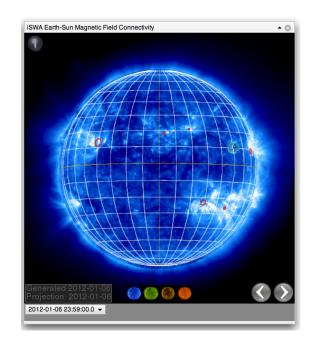


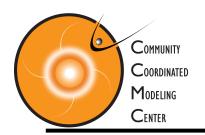
Field Line Tracing

Results

- Difficult to find usable SEP bursts with clear surface points of origin
 - Eventually settled on just 15 events
 - Hopefully SDO's continuous high cadence observations will remedy this
- Typical footpoint location errors average 20-30°
- WSA/ENLIL is no better than the simpler models
- Implies that dominant error is due to coronal model components
 - Current 'potential-like' coronal models produce too little open flux at low latitudes
 - Perhaps due to steady-state nature of current models

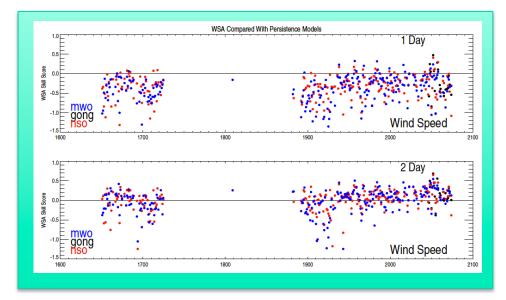




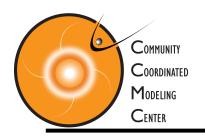


ENLIL Next Version

- In January 2010 we were using
 - WSA Version 1.4
 - ENLIL Version 2.6
- In January 2012 we are using
 - WSA Version 2.2
 - ENLIL Version 2.7

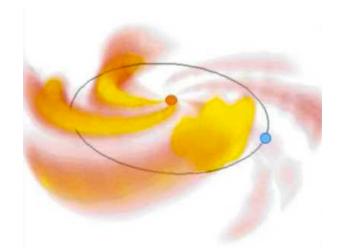


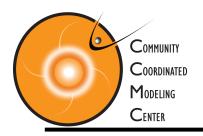
- Two weeks ago we received ENLIL V2.7d
- Running validation cases to help Dusan tweak his configuration –
 initial stage of a more complete skill score validation of WSA/ENLIL
- In the process we will update the published WSA skill score validation



Heliospheric Tomography

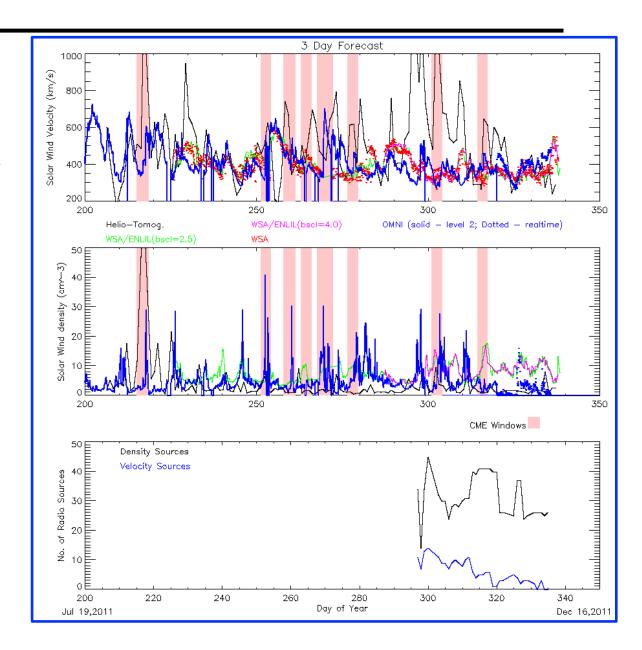
- UCSD Model Jackson et al
- Latest version can forecast wind state up to 3 days ahead
- Uses scintillations of ~ 20 radio source timelines recorded by STELab at 4 sites
- Uses a 3D iterative reconstruction tomography code iterates in 3 directions, latitude, longitude and time, to create a time dependent source surface boundary solution for density and velocity for a kinematic wind model
- Also constrains reconstruction using ACE data
- The Kinematic wind model
 - assumes radial flow
 - allows for interactions between wind streams by imposing conservation of mass and mass flux, permitting merging of fast streams with slow streams which they overtake.





Heliospheric Tomography

- Compare 1,2 and 3 day forecasts for wind speed and density at 1AU from
 - UCSD HelTomo
 - WSA
 - WSA/ENLIL
 - OMNI Data
- Models run > daily since July 2011
- Still in data acquisition phase
- Goal is to complete a skill score analysis



SHINE Workshop Study

Concept

- CCMC mandate to validate models typically has a SW Ops flavor, ie test the forecast of a specific quantity needed at a specific location.
- Research community wants to test models in a more comprehensive way, ie all quantities at all points
- SHINE workshop validation session is an effort to engage the community in a 'science oriented validation'
- Focus is models of corona and inner heliosphere

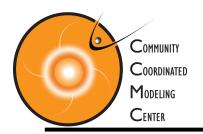
Process

- Pose a set of well defined test calculations
- Define a standard set of model outputs
- Model results posted for comparison at a site to be set up and maintained by the CCMC

SHINE Workshop Study

Status

- Had a very well attended kick-off meeting at SHINE in July 2011.
- Agreed to model ambient corona and inner heliosphere for a CR representative of solar minimum and a second for solar maximum.
- Agreed on set of model diagnostics
 - Discussion emphasized need for comprehensive diagnostic set
- Currently refining the CR selection for solar minimum
 - CR 2058 2063 had stable field topology
 - Good imaging and in situ coverage
- Have agreements with Dusan Odstrcil and Sarah Gibson to use their postprocessing synthetic image tools.
- Expect to circulate info about CR case and output format requirements within next two weeks.
- Will review results of model runs at follow-on session at SHINE in June



SHINE Workshop Study

Possible Participants

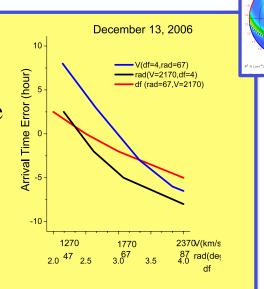
- Corona
 - MHD
 - ✓ CORHEL (PredSci)
 - ✓ SWMF
 - ✓ Wu et al
 - NLFFF
 - ✓ Wiegelmann et al
 - ✓ McKay, Yeates, Van Ballegooijen
 - Potential
 - ✓ WSA(Arge et al)

- Inner Heliosphere
 - ✓ CORHEL (PredSci)
 - ✓ SWMF
 - ✓ ENLIL
 - ✓ Wu et al
 - ✓ WSA (Arge et al)
 - ✓ HelTomo (Jackson et al)
 - ✓ Merkin et al

WSA/ENLIL Cone Model Validation

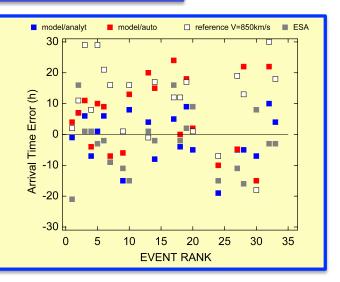
 Dependence of CME shock arrival time error and magnetospheric impact magnitude on the uncertainty in the CME input parameters

Model uncertainties in predictions of arrival of coronal mass ejections at Earth orbit, Taktakishvili, P. MacNeice, D.Odstrcil, Space Weather, 2010.



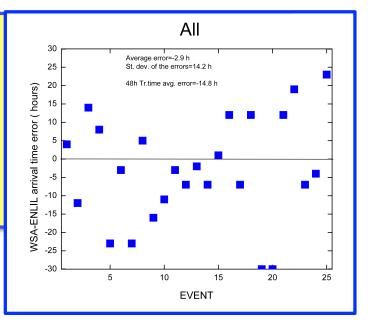
• Evaluation of WSA/ENLIL cone model performance studying CME events that caused 36 particularly large geomagnetic storms.

Modelling of CMEs That Caused Particularly Large Geomagnetic Storms Using WSA/ENLIL Cone Model, Taktakishvili, Pulkkinen, P. MacNeice, M. Kuznetsova, M. Hesse, D.Odstrcil, Space Weather, 2011.

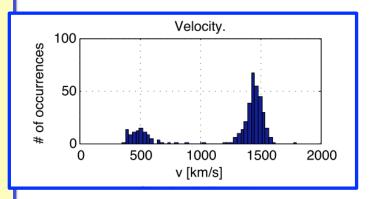


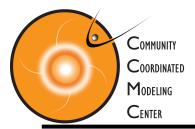
Cone Model Validation

- Validation of Real time WSA-ENLIL cone model run system.
 - In progress



- Ensemble Forecasting of ICME arrival
 - Dan Emmons, Thesis, AFIT.
 - Using automated analysis (Pulkkinen et al., 2010)
 - In progress

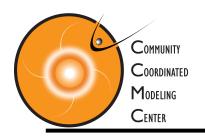




Magnetospheric Models

(based on info from Lutz Rastaetter, Yihua Zheng, Masha Kuznetsova)

Slide Courtesy L.Rastaetter



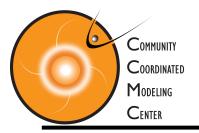
Magnetosphere/ionosphere model validations

GEM 2008-2009 Modeling Challenge

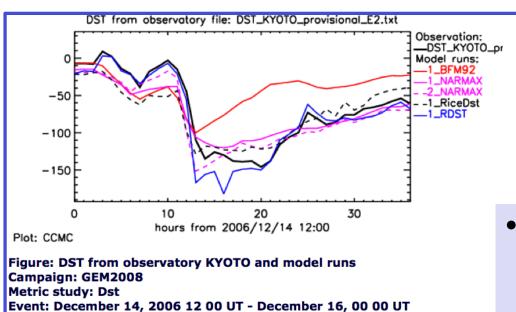
Magnetic field perturbations on the ground

Pulkkinen et al., Systematic evaluation of ground and geostationary magnetic field predictions generated by global magnetohydrodynamic models, JGR 115, A03206, DOI: 10.1029/2009JA014537, 2010.

- Geosynchronous magnetic fields (SWMF, OpenGGCM at CCMC)
 - L. Rastaetter et al. Geospace Environment Modeling 2008–2009 Challenge: Geosynchronous magnetic field. Space Weather 9, S04005 DOI:10.1029/2010SW000617
- DST index (models at CCMC + results submitted by modelers)
 - L. Rastaetter et al., Geospace Environment Modeling 2008–2009 Challenge: Dst index, Manuscript in preparation for Space Weather.

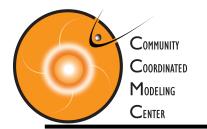


Web interface for model validation



- Time series data from a wide variety of models and quantities.
- Skill scores computed with plots.

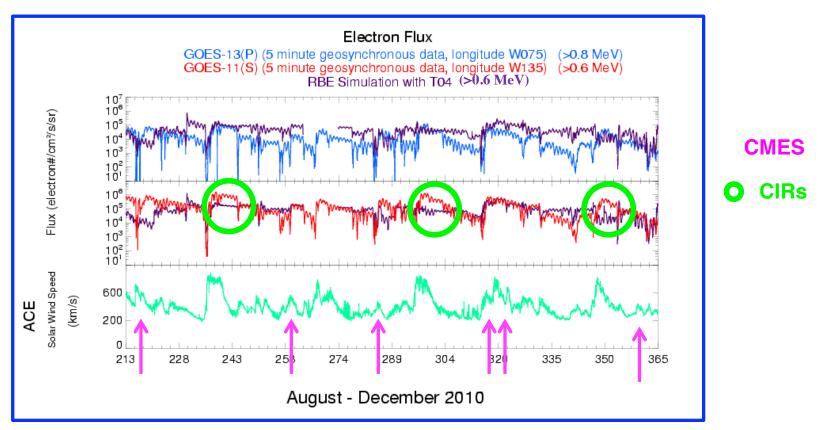
Observation	file: DST_K	YOTO provis	sional_E2.t	txt			
PredEff	N region	N finite	PredYield	MinTimingError	MaxTim	ningError	Correlation
-0.111	37	_ 37	0.592	7.000	2.000	0.411	
0.837	37	37	0.680	4.000	2.000	0.959	
0.855	37	37	0.866	7.000	7.000	0.946	
0.791	37	37	0.718	7.000	0.000	0.906	
0.899	37	37	1.194	4.000	0.000	0.969	
	PredEff -0.111 0.837 0.855 0.791	PredEff N_region -0.111 37 0.837 37 0.855 37 0.791 37	PredEff N_region N_finite -0.111	PredEff N_region N_finite PredYield -0.111 37 37 0.592 0.837 37 37 0.680 0.855 37 37 0.866 0.791 37 37 0.718	-0.111 37 37 0.592 7.000 0.837 37 37 0.680 4.000 0.855 37 37 0.866 7.000 0.791 37 37 0.718 7.000	PredEff N_region N_finite PredYield MinTimingError MaxTim -0.111 37 37 0.592 7.000 2.000 0.837 37 37 0.680 4.000 2.000 0.855 37 37 0.866 7.000 7.000 0.791 37 37 0.718 7.000 0.000	PredEff N_region N_finite PredYield MinTimingError MaxTimingError -0.111 37 37 0.592 7.000 2.000 0.411 0.837 37 37 0.680 4.000 2.000 0.959 0.855 37 37 0.866 7.000 7.000 0.946 0.791 37 37 0.718 7.000 0.000 0.906

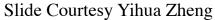


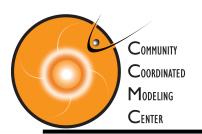
Internal validation

RBE

- Validation of Fok Radiation belt model running in realtime
 - Captures the long term trends but struggles during CIRs
 - Need to include wave-particle interactions and magnetic field fluctuations?

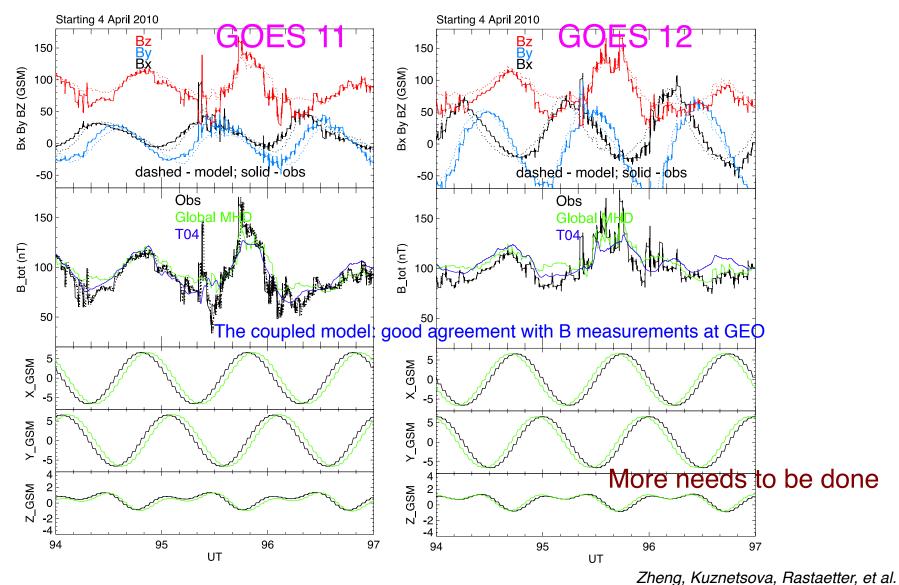


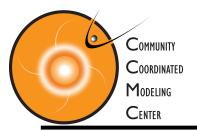




Internal Model Validation

SWMF+RCM+RBE

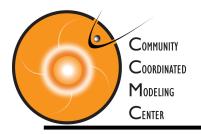




Ionospheric and Thermospheric Models

(based on info from Lutz Rastaetter, Yihua Zheng, Ja Soon Shim)

Much of this covered already in talks by
Barbara Emery
Stan Sazykin
Ariel Acebal
John Retterer (aka Ja Soon Shim)



ITM: Validation Study

Published

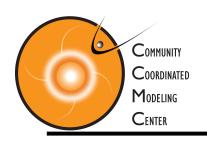
Shim, J. S., et al. (2011), CEDAR Electrodynamics Thermosphere Ionosphere (ETI) Challenge for systematic assessment of ionosphere/thermosphere models: NmF2, HmF2, and vertical drift using ground-based observations, *Space Weather*, *9*, S12003, doi10.1029/2011SW000727.

Papers to be submitted soon

- 1. Invited article on the 'CCMC IT Challenge' for the AGU monograph on 'Modeling the Ionosphere/Thermosphere System.'
- 2. CEDAR ETI Challenge for systematic assessment of IT models: Electron density, Neutral density, NmF2, and HmF2 Using Space Based Observations

Papers in Preparation

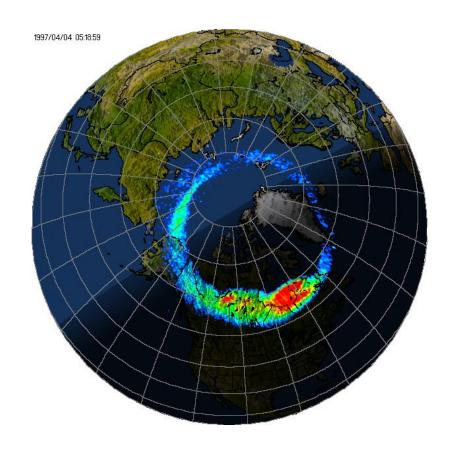
1. Poynting Flux / Joule Heating along DMSP satellite tracks

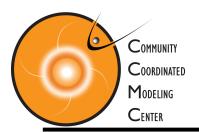


Collaborative model validation with AFIT: Auroral models

Collaboration with Maj. Lane, Lt. Col. Acebal

- Ovation Prime (OP)
- New Hardy (NH)
- Old Hardy (OH)
- SWMF Fok-RC (SWMF)
- AMIE (AMIE)





Summary

- Extensive list of studies published or in progress
- Validation pace has accelerated considerably over the last two years
- For more specific details, talk to
 - ➤ Solar and Helio Me, Sandro, Antti
 - ➤ Magnetospheric Lutz, Yihua, Masha
 - ➤ IT Ja Soon, Yihua, Lutz