

National Aeronautics and Space Administration



The Integrated Space Weather Analysis System

Marlo Maddox

SW REDI Bootcamp 2014

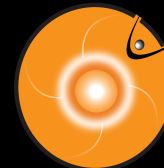
June 10th, 2014

NASA Goddard Space Flight Center

Greenbelt, MD

[*http://ccmc.gsfc.nasa.gov*](http://ccmc.gsfc.nasa.gov)

www.nasa.gov



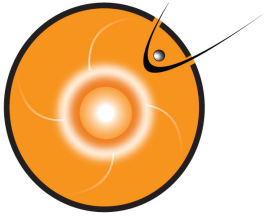
How Do You Quickly Determine Past, Present, & Expected Space Weather Impacts?



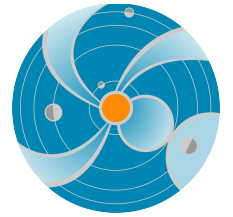


With so many NASA assets throughout the Heliosphere, the agency identified a critical need for the

Integrated Space Weather Analysis System



iSWA Project Overview



OCE Technical Excellence Initiative Project

- Partnership between NASA HQ OCE, SWL, CCMC, & AETD
- Address technical challenges in acquiring space weather environment information
- Began March 2008
- Version 1.0 deployed November 2009

Fundamental Challenges To Be Addressed

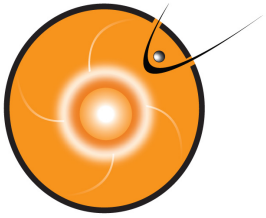
- Existing space weather resources are diverse and scattered
- Data accessibility
- Accurate real time now-casting & forecasting of the space environment
- Historical space weather impact analysis

Initial Requirements Gathering

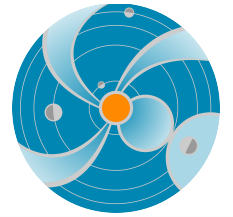
- GSFC SSMO, JSFC SRAG

Refined Requirements

- Space Weather Workshops for NASA Robotic Missions

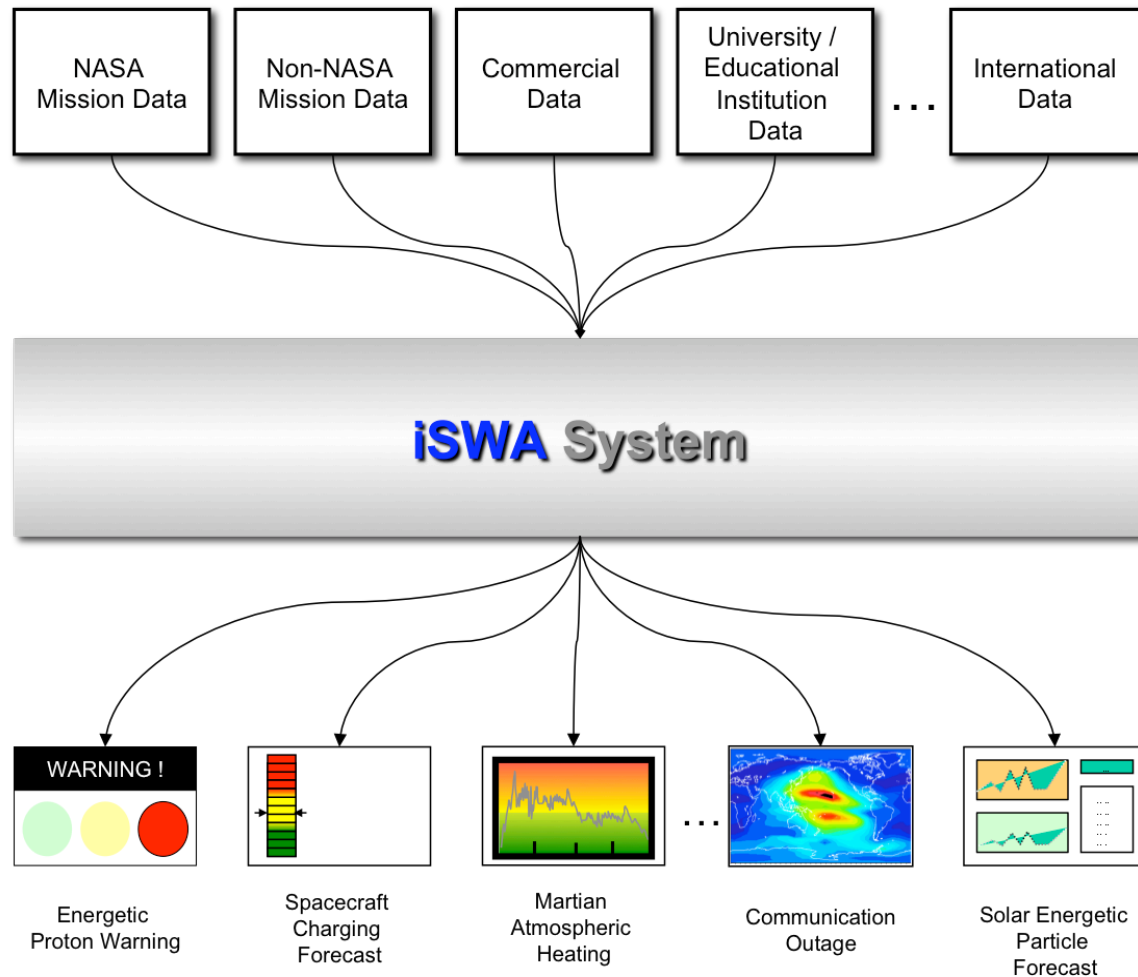


iSWA Solution & Deliverables



1. Acquire, ingest, and produce NASA relevant space weather information
2. Utilize both observational and simulation/model data
3. Produce and provide real-time data streams
4. Categorize and archive data for historical impact analysis
5. Provide customizable and highly configurable displays
6. Disseminate through the most widely deployed and accessible interface – the web

iNTEGRATED SPACE WEATHER ANALYSIS SYSTEM

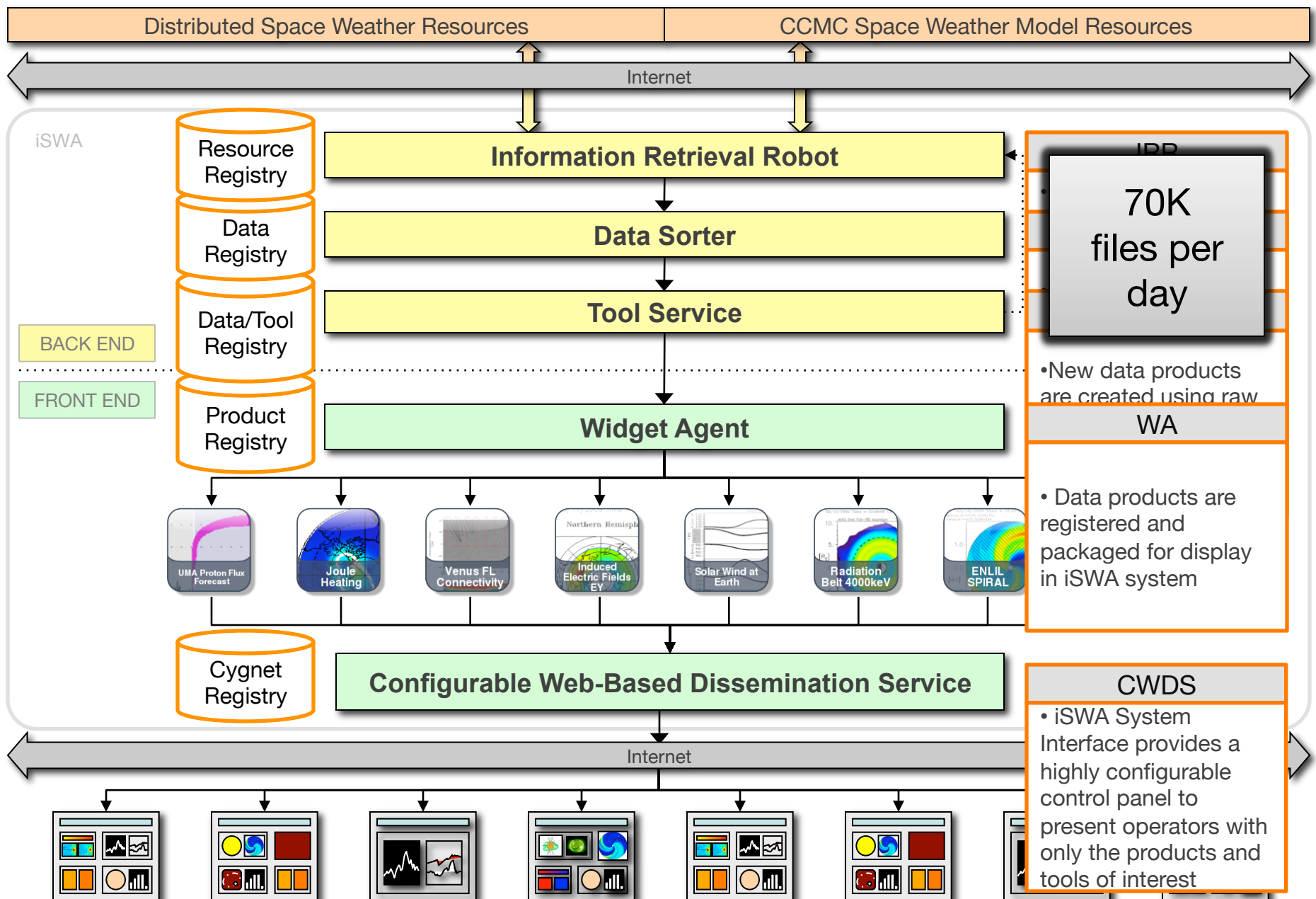


Highly diverse and distributed space weather data consisting of the latest observational data along with the most advanced space weather model simulation output.

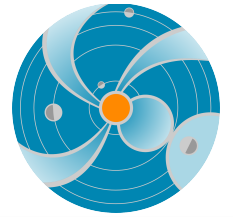
iSWA system collects data from a large and evolving list of sources. Data is sorted, characterized, and processed into 'mission decision supporting' products in response to individual user queries.

iSWA generates and provides a user-configurable display panel that can be accessed from a standard web browser. The end user can then customize their display to focus on specific products of interest.

iNTEGRATED SPACE WEATHER ANALYSIS SYSTEM



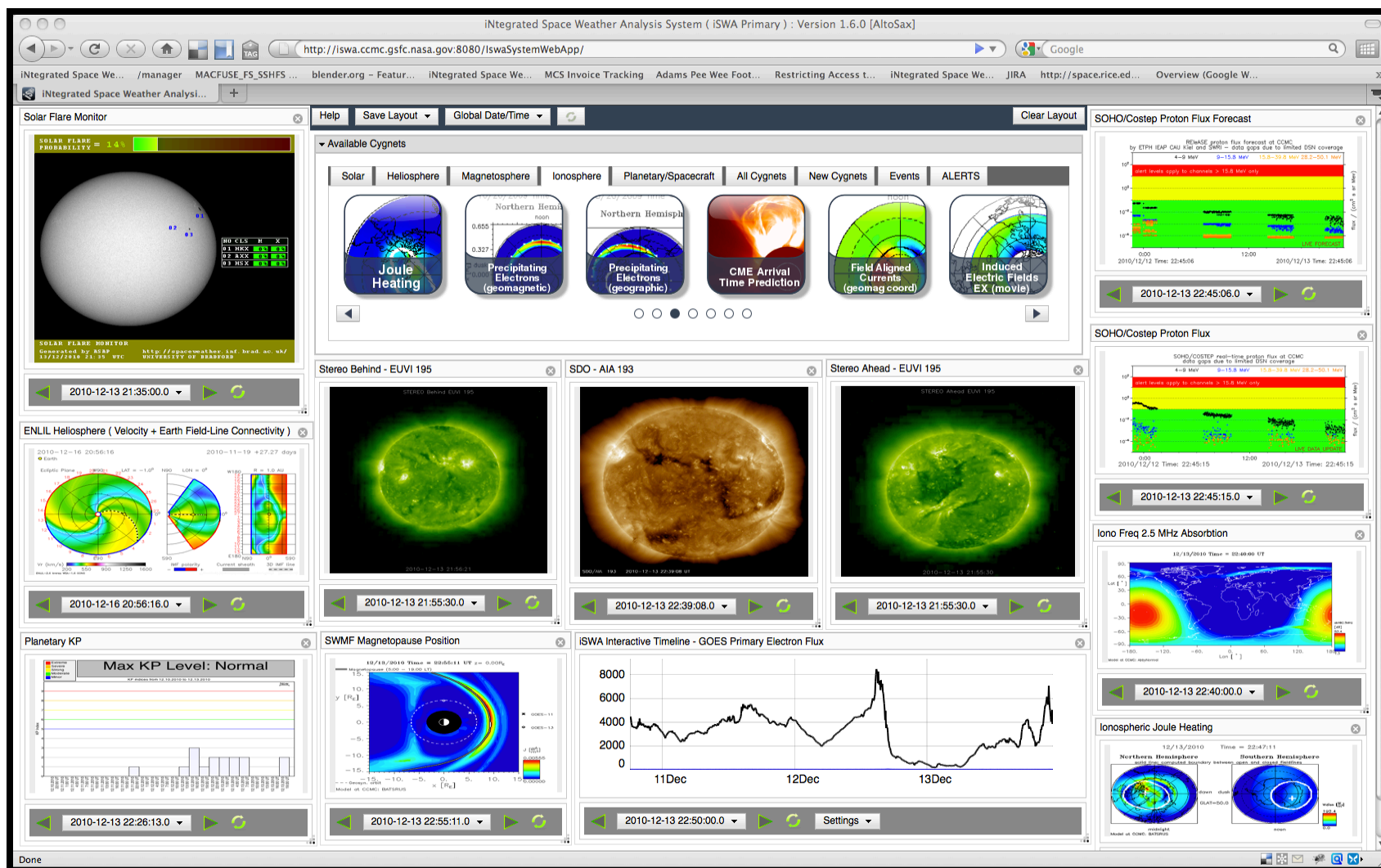
• **493** Unique Data Feeds, **57** Million Files Registered and Archived, **359** Consumable Display Products currently managed in iSWA Cygnnet Catalog



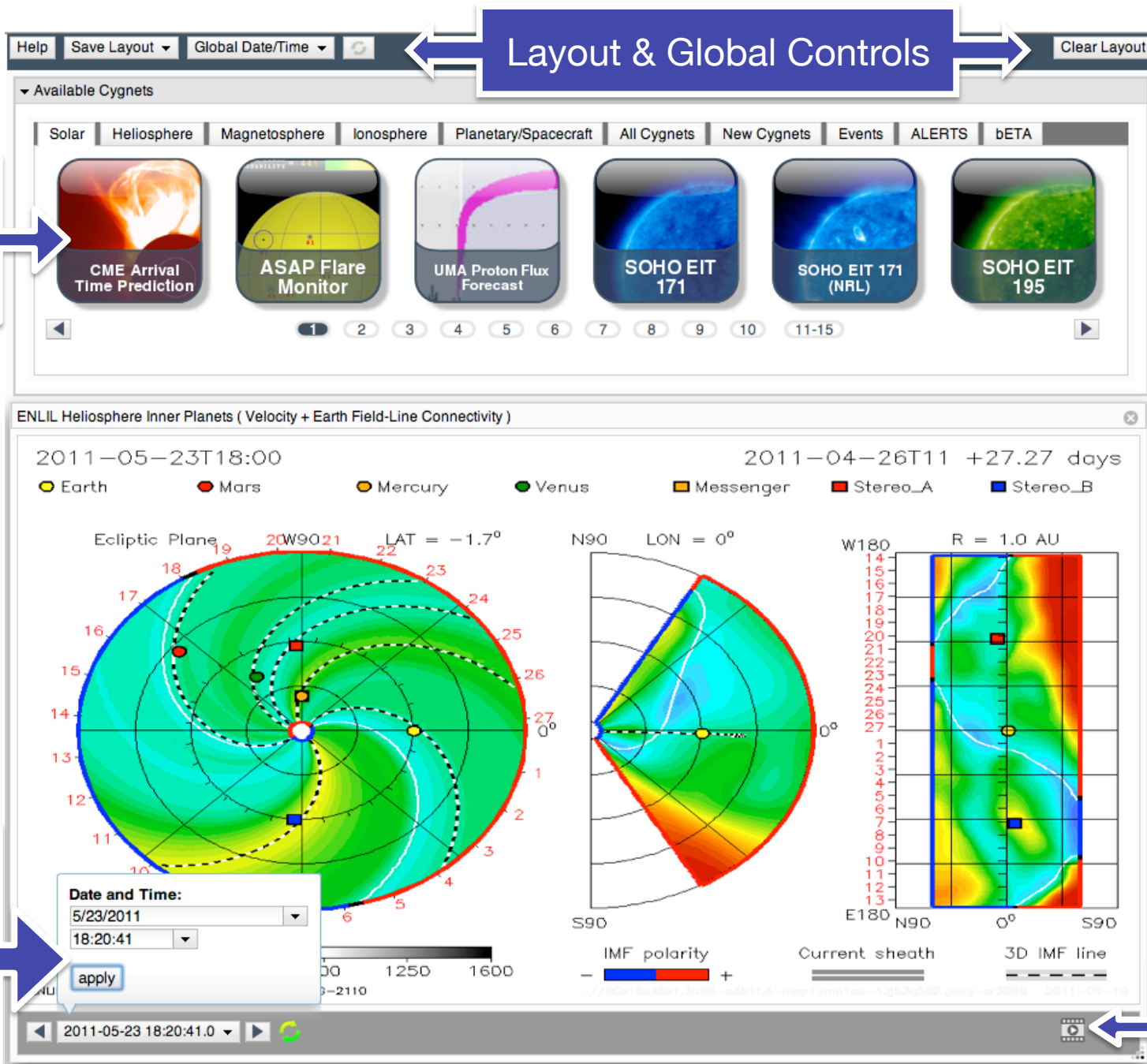
8



Unprecedented Access to Space Weather Information



<http://iSWA.ccmc.gsfc.nasa.gov>



Cygnets
Control
Panel

Cygnets
Date
Controls
Options

Movie
Mode
Control

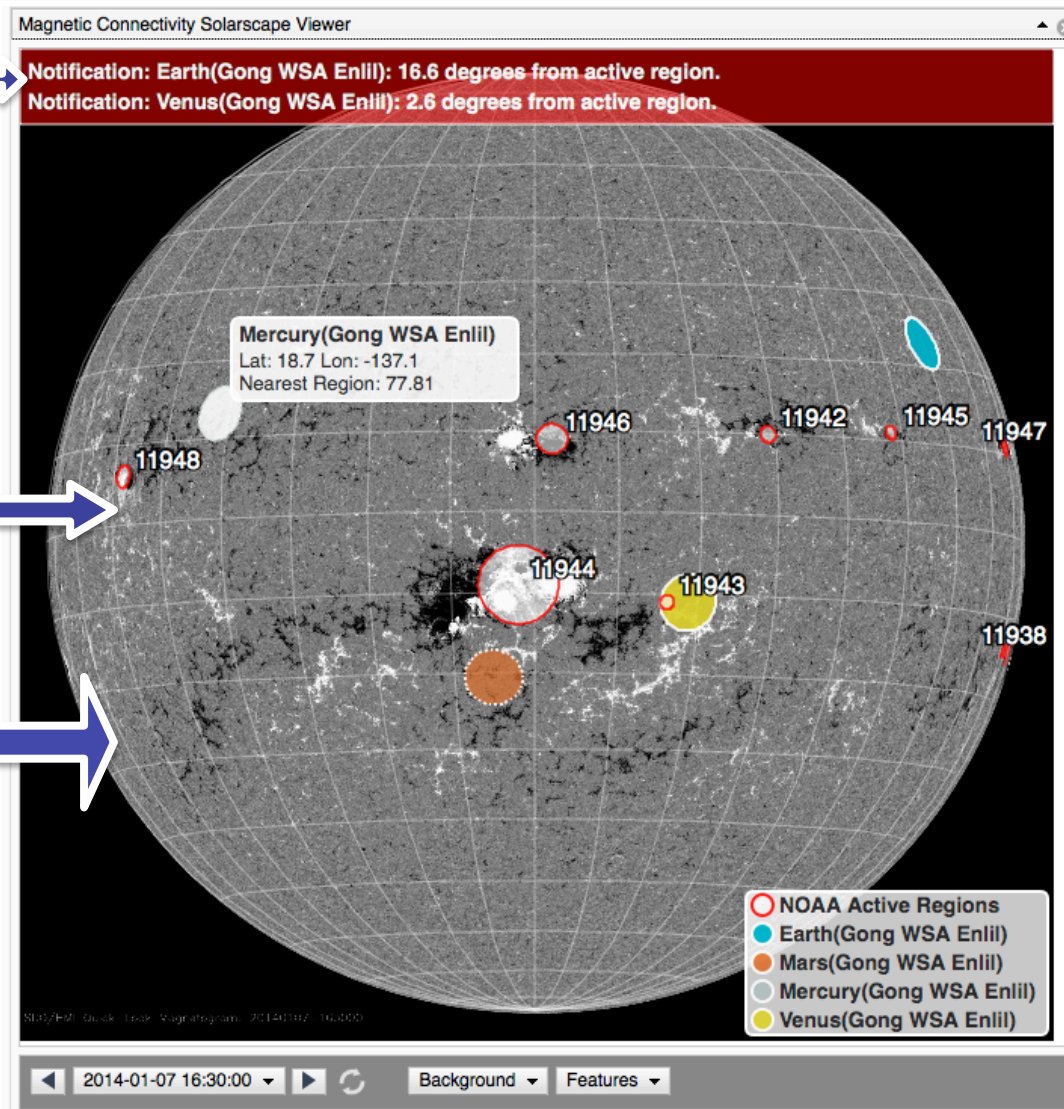
Dynamically Generated & Interactive Products: Solarscape



Alerts/
Notifications

User Selectable Features
(MAG4, NOAA Active Regions,
CCMC Magnetic Connectivity)

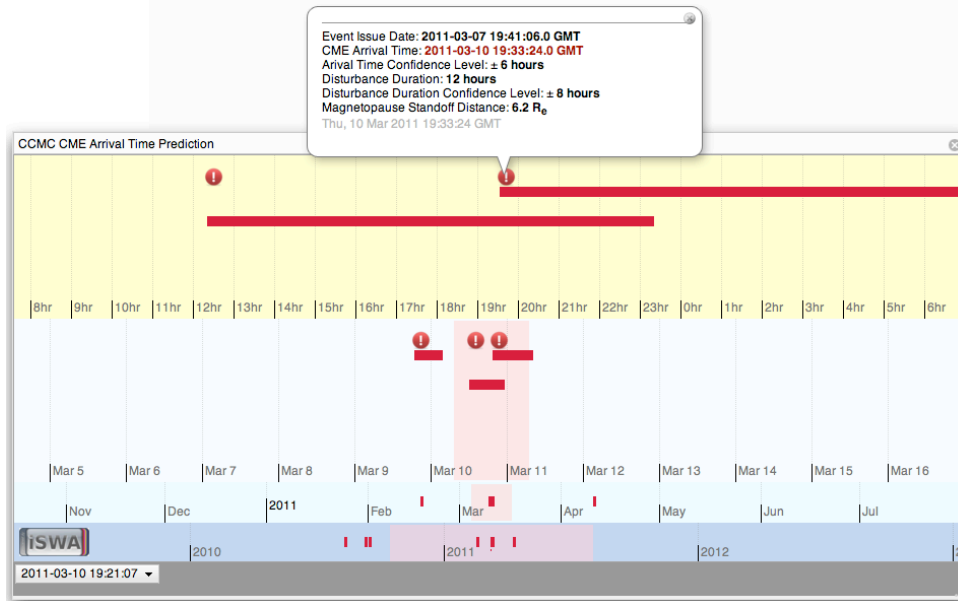
User Selectable Background
(SDO , Generic Grid)



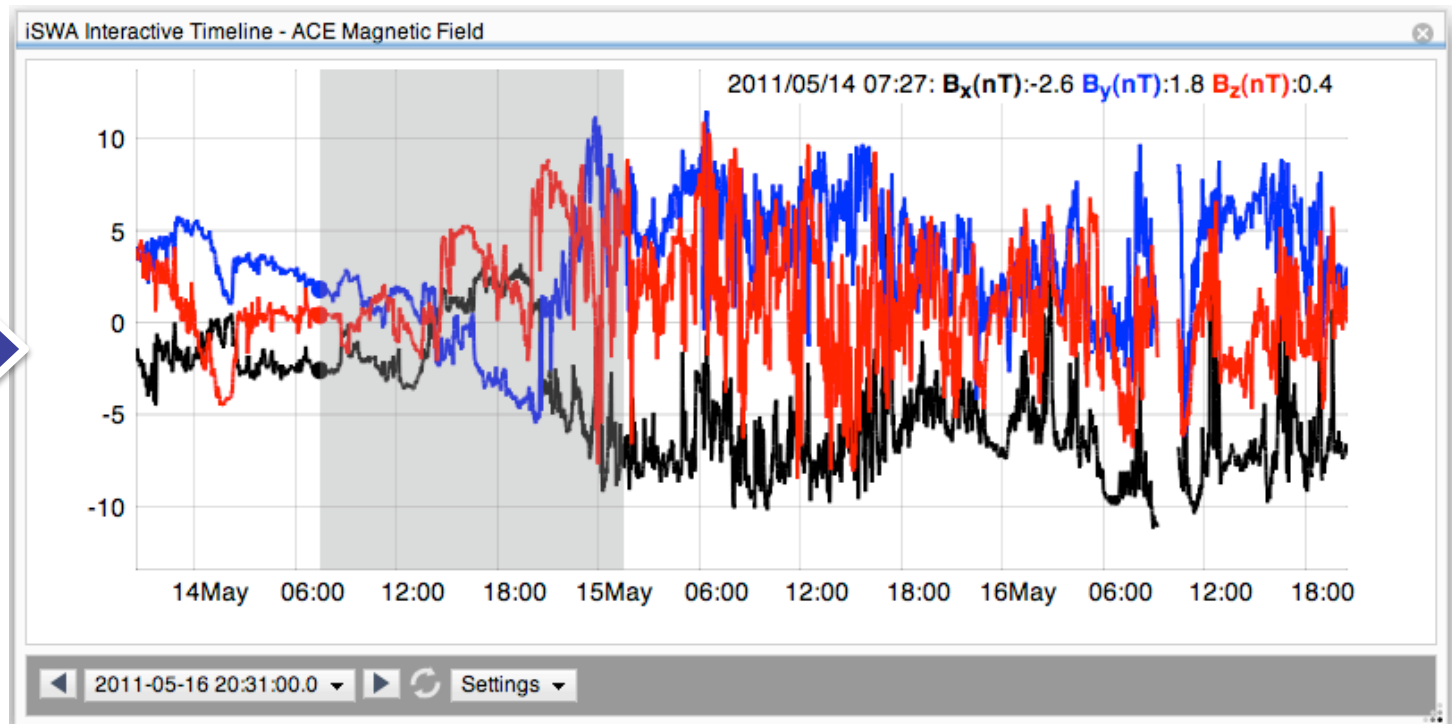
Dynamic Product with User Selectable Features From Several Sources

Interactive Timelines

Interactive CME alert tool with chronological record of SWx Center issued CME time of arrival predictions

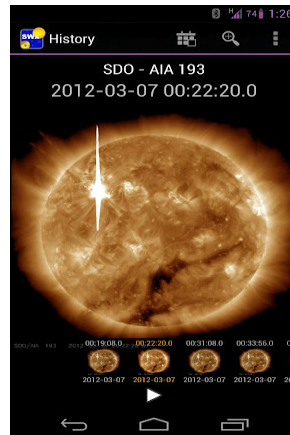
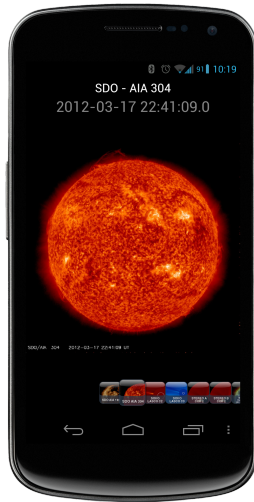


Interactive timeline tool with pan, zoom, mouse-over, and quantity toggling functionality



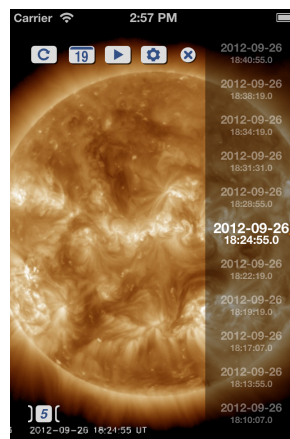
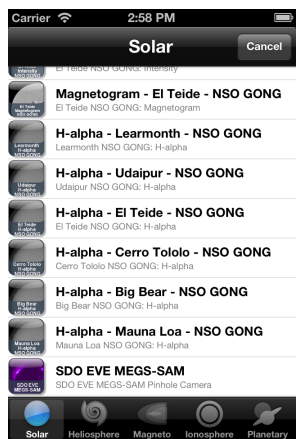


Mobile Access Powered by iSWA



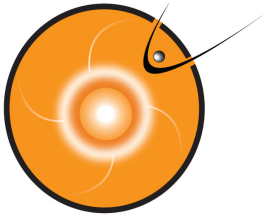
Android Front-End to iSWA

- History Mode
- Movie Mode
- >50k Downloads
- Available in Google Play Store

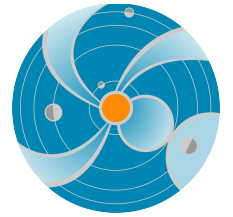


IOS Front-End to iSWA

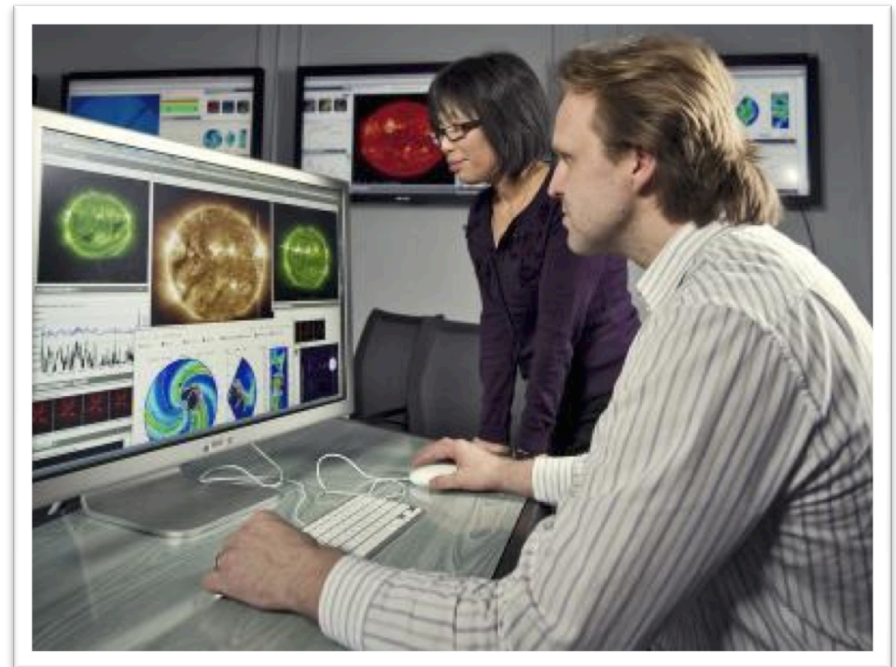
- >100k Downloads
- Available in App Store

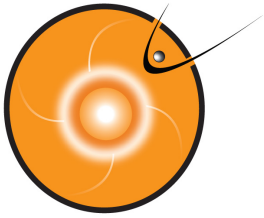


Services for NASA Robotic Missions Powered by iSWA

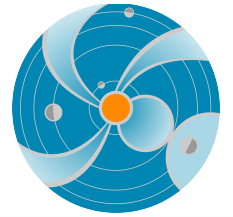


1. Providing assistance in spacecraft anomaly resolution by assessing whether space weather has any role in causing the observed anomaly/anomalies.
2. Sending out weekly space weather reports/summaries to NASA mission operators, NASA officials and involved personnel.



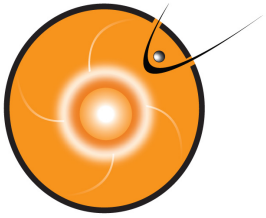


Services for NASA Robotic Missions Powered by iSWA

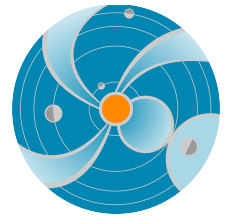


3. Sending out timely space weather info/forecasts regarding adverse conditions throughout the solar system, such as significant CME events, elevated radiation levels, etc.
4. Providing general space weather support for NASA customers.





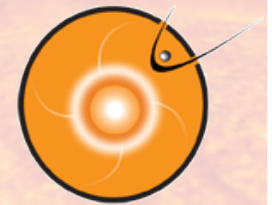
Education And Training Powered by iSWA



Arranged by NASA IV&V Educator Resource Center
High school teachers from West Virginia

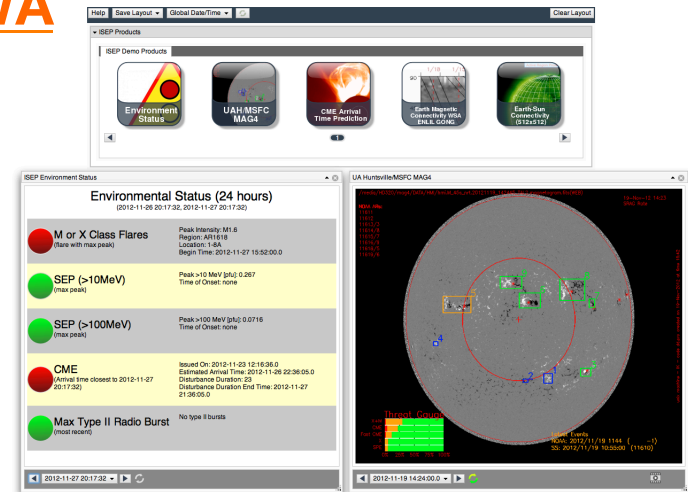


iSWA Updates/Activities



New Systems/Extensions Powered by iSWA

- Project specific implementations
- Full iSWA feature set, infrastructure
- customized cygnet/product catalog
- **I**ntegrated **S**olar **E**nergetic **P**roton Event Alert Warning System – Advanced Radiation Project (OCT Game Changing Office)



Expanded Numerical Database - FlexDIT

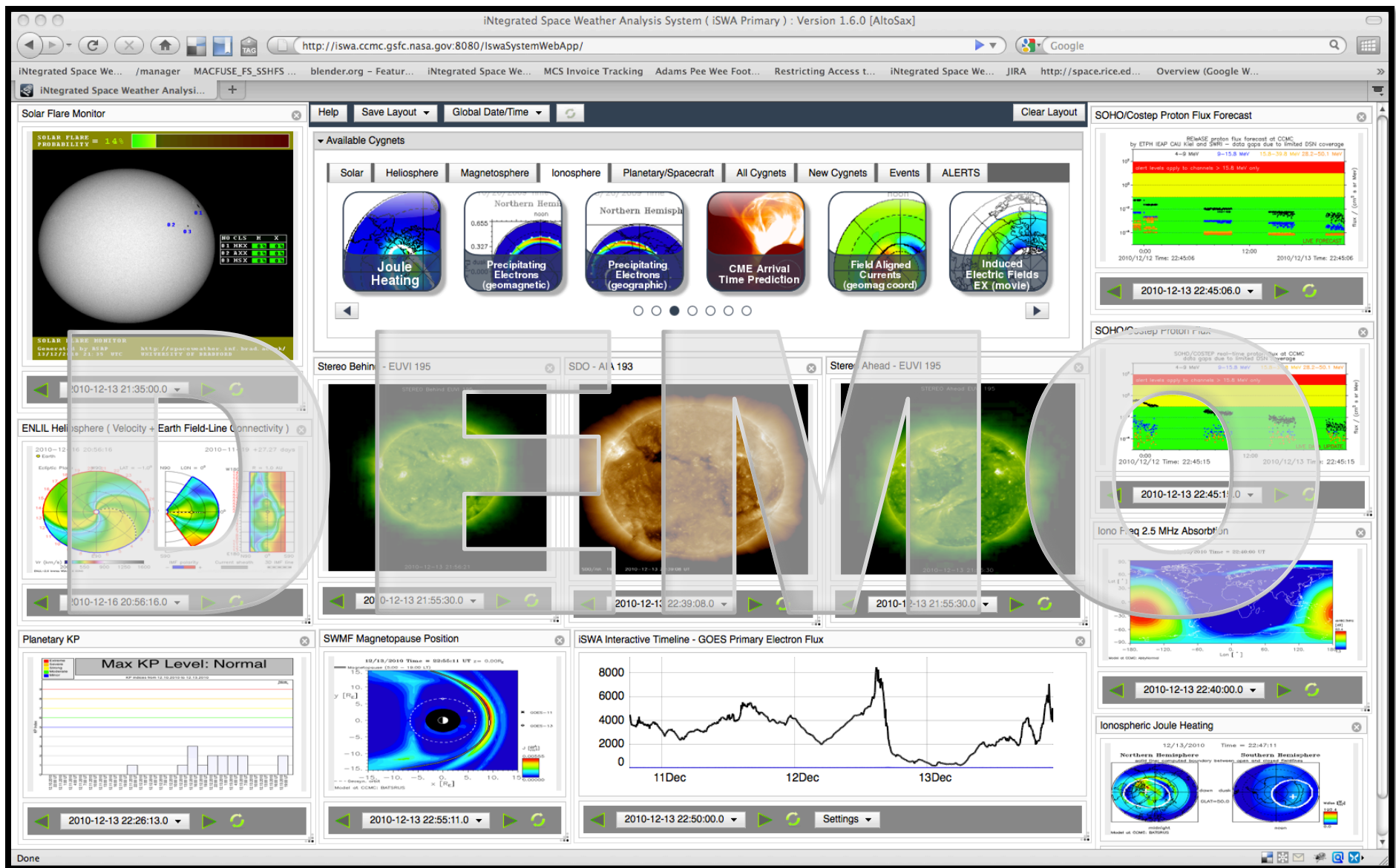
- New parameters
- Custom alerts
- Dynamically generated products
- Data streaming for external applications

Web Services

- Building web-based interfaces for machine-to-machine interaction
- Enabling external systems to query, access, and link to iSWA data

Space Weather Event Catalog and Event Linking – Linking to DONKI

- Building catalog of space weather event, forecaster-logs, alerts, etc.
- Establishing linkages, relationships, cause-and-effects between activities



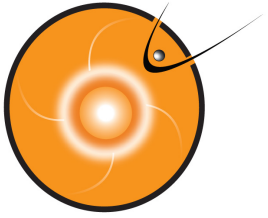
<http://iswa.ccmc.gsfc.nasa.gov>

BOOKMARK DEMO

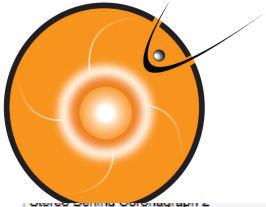
- Space Weather Event 04/11/2013 - <http://go.nasa.gov/13oVkrB>
- Venus Transit - <http://go.nasa.gov/13oR2k1>
- St. Patricks Day Storm 03/15/2013 - <http://go.nasa.gov/YGUeiO>
- Filament Eruption 02/27/2013 - <http://go.nasa.gov/XcgWDi>
- Space Weather Event 09/28/2012 - <http://go.nasa.gov/XGW0Eu>
- Space Weather Event 10/5/2012 - <http://go.nasa.gov/XtGsmH>
- Current 8-Day Timeline - <http://go.nasa.gov/16TediU>

<http://iSWA.ccmc.gsfc.nasa.gov>

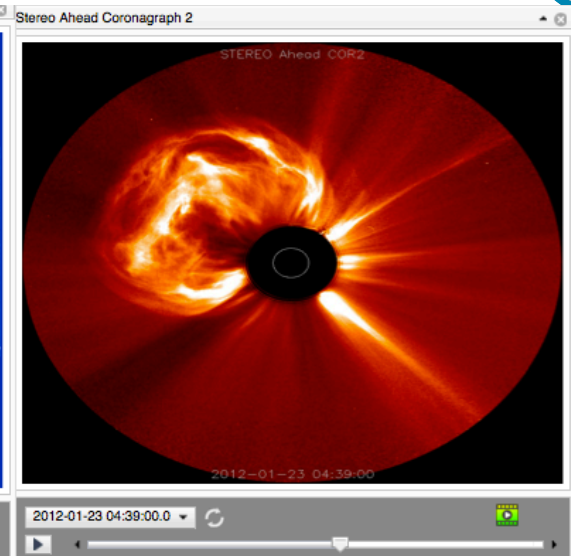
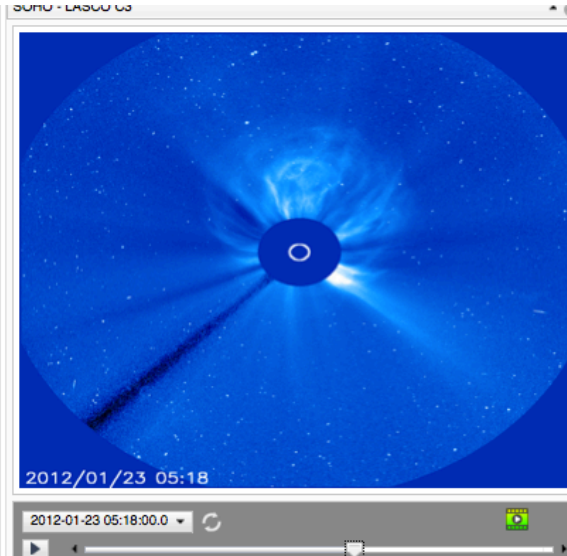
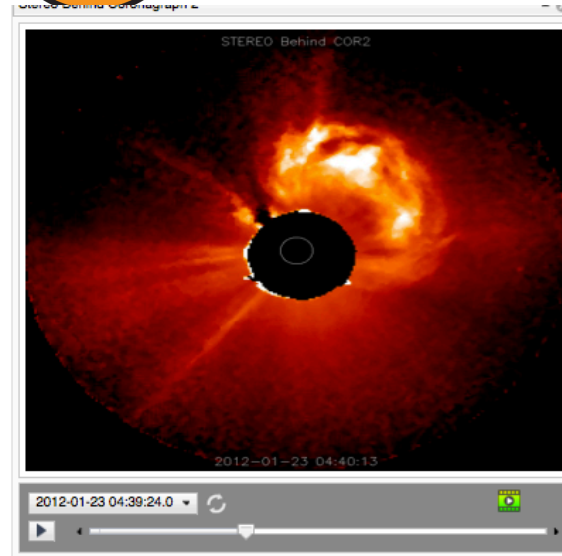
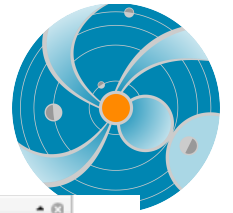
Supplemental Sides/Details



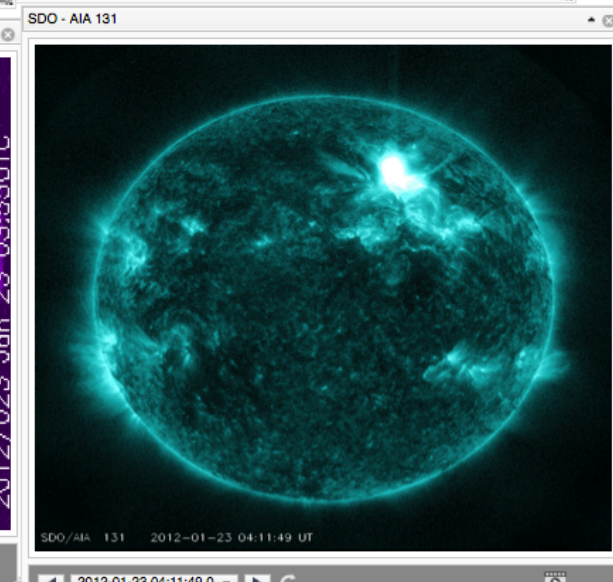
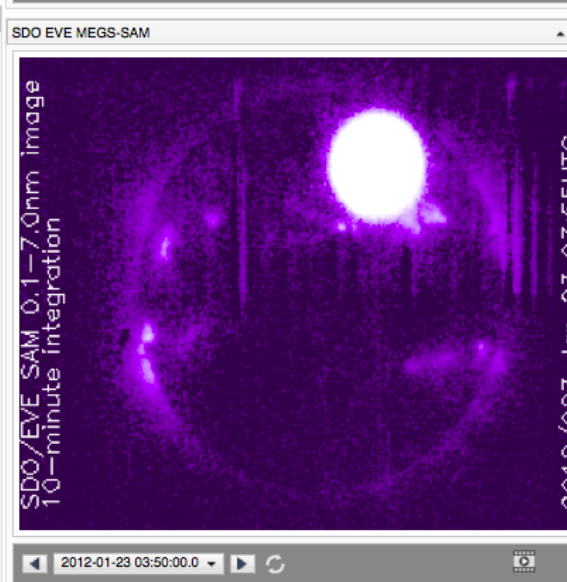
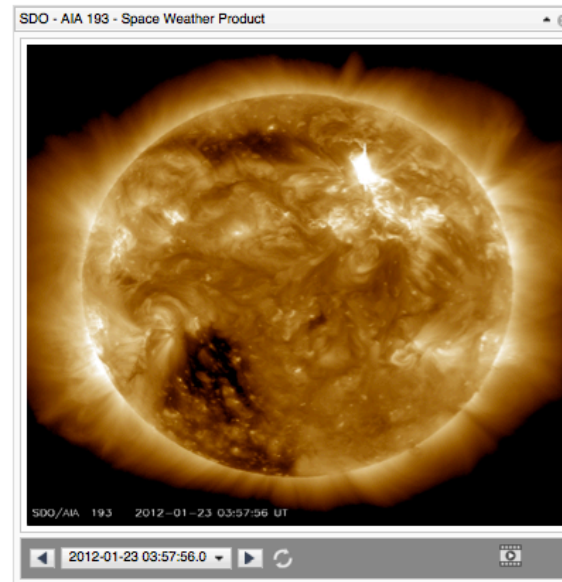
Specific Examples...



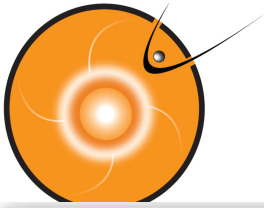
Jan 23 flare (M8.7)/CME (v=2210km/s)



CME

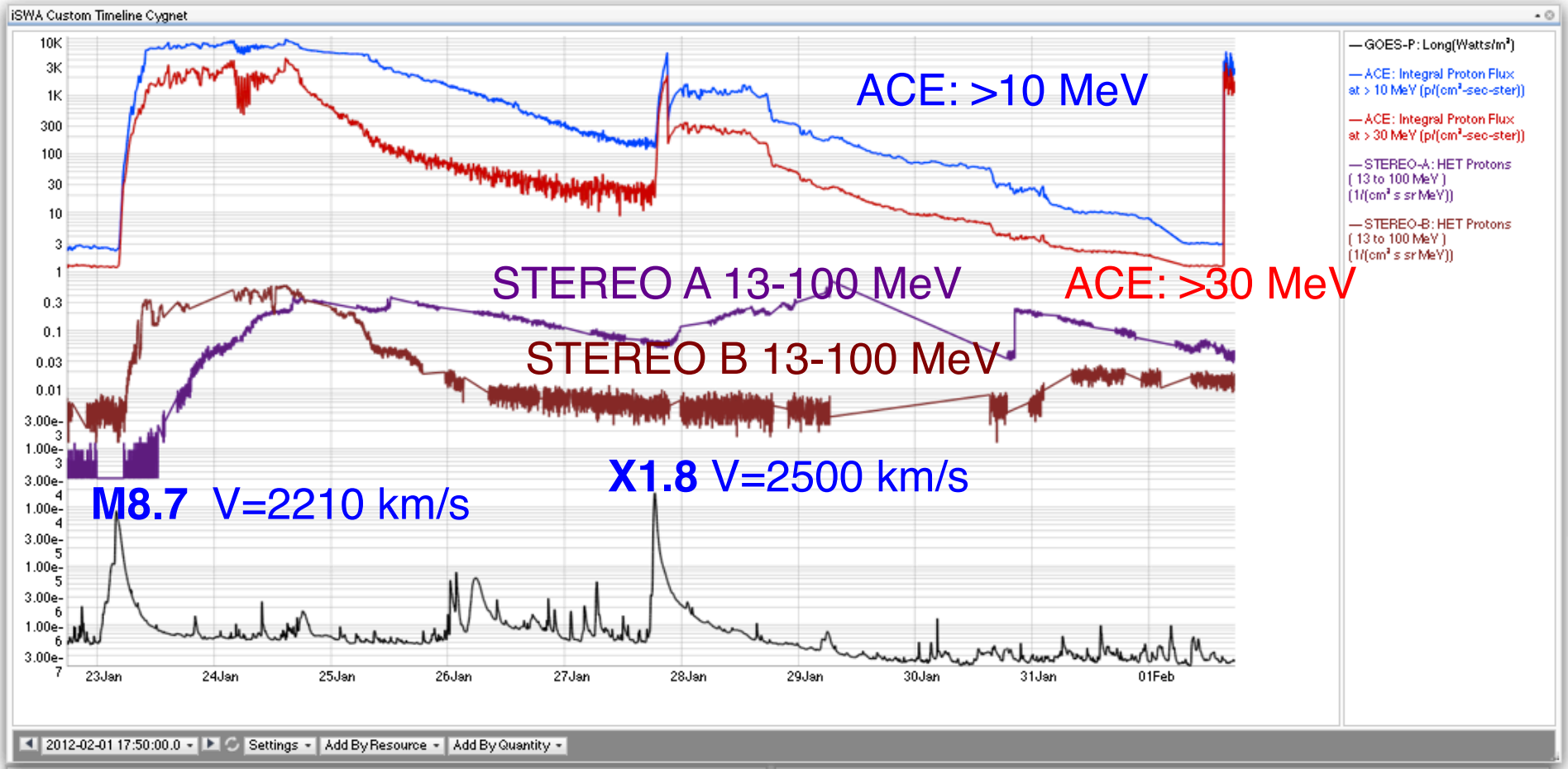
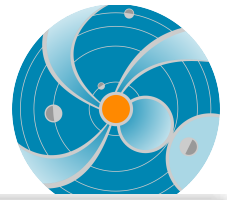


Flare



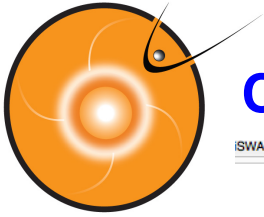
SEP: proton radiation (flare and CME)

iSWA SuperTimeline

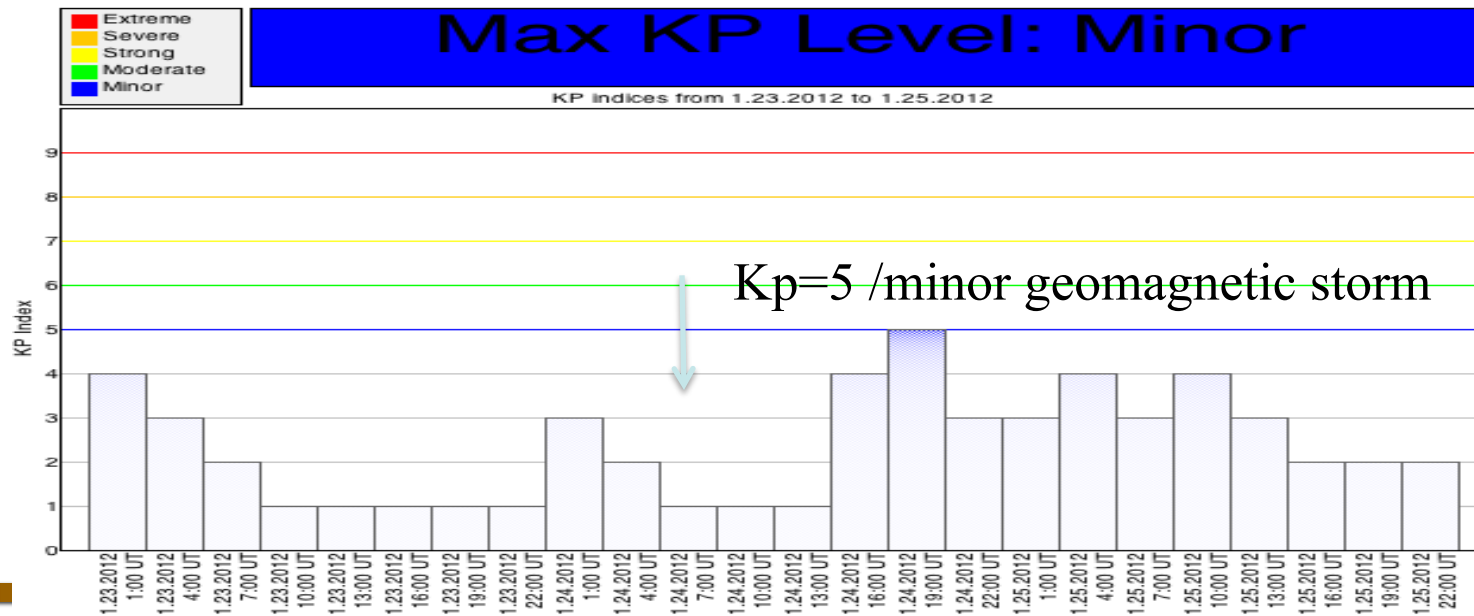
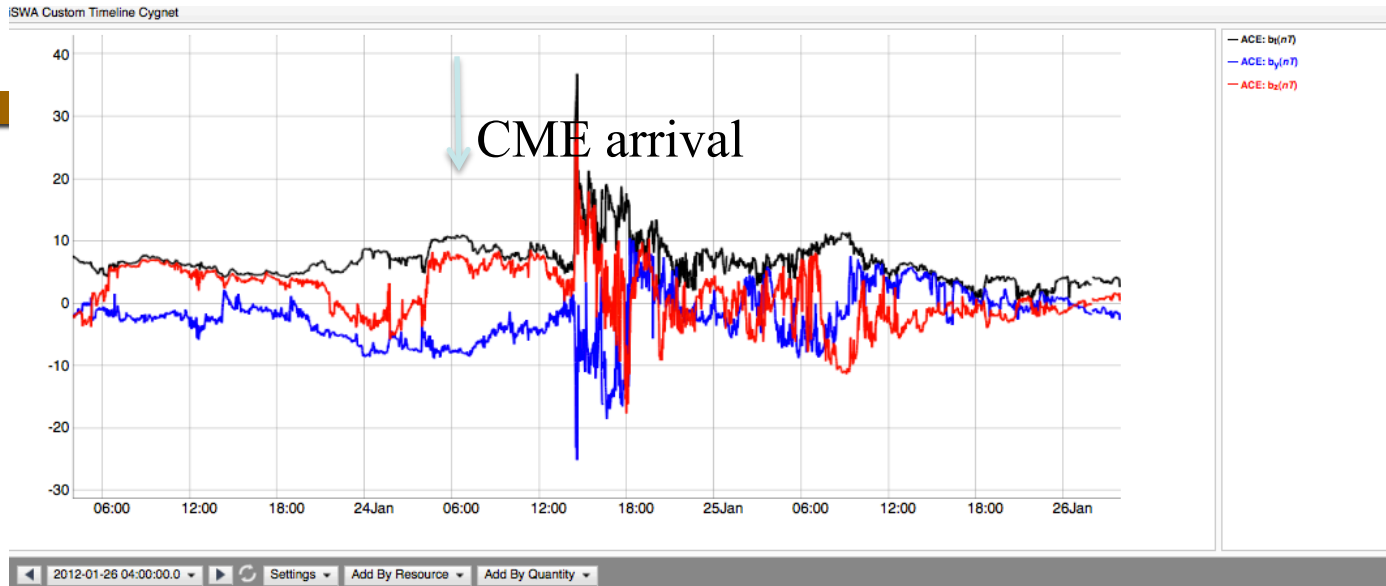
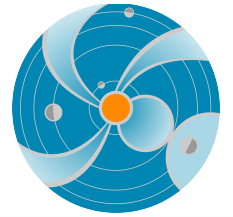


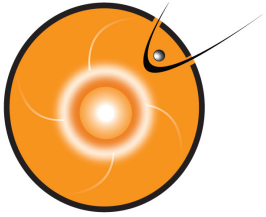
The Jan 23 and Jan 27 flare/CME pairs were associated with the same active region 1402. Both events created significantly enhanced ion radiation (SEP flux levels).

Several polar flights were rerouted due to the radiation

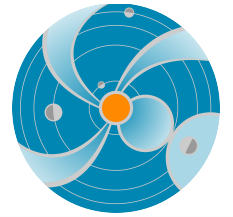


CME impact at Earth (a minor geomagnetic storm only)





An iSWA layout for the 23 Jan 2012 event



http://bit.ly/Jan23_27_2012_layout

Provide a dynamic view of the event with some key products

The Jan 23 event produced a very strong radiation storm
- slightly less than that of **the March 7 2012 event**

Peak flux (Jan 23): 6310 pfu at Jan 24 15:30 UT

Peak flux (Mar 7): 6530 pfu at Mar 8: 11:15 UT

Active Region 1429 activities during March 2012

[Earthside Major Events](#)

[Backside major events](#)